



# SDG 4 Seychelles

# COUNTRY PROFILE







# List of SDG 4 global indicators

| Primary and   | -  |  |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|---|--|--|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
|   | education le   | eading to relev  | ant and effective learning outcomes   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|   | <u>4.1.1</u>   | 1.   | Proportion of children and young people (a) in Grade 2 or 3; (b) at the end of primary education;<br>and (c) at the end of lower secondary education achieving at least a minimum proficiency level in<br>(i) trading and (ii) mathematics, by sec                                  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Early Childhood   | -  | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·  | e that all girls and boys have access to quality early childhood development, care and pre-   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|   | <u>4.2.1</u>   | 8.   | Proportion of children under 5 years of age who are developmentally on track in health, learning  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Internation         and (c) at the end of lower secondary education achieving at least a minimum proficienc (i) reading and (ii) mathematics, by sex           Early Childhood         Target 4.2.By 2030, ensure that all girls and boys have access to quality early childhood development, care a primary actuation on that they are ready for primary education           Participation         4.2.1         B.         Proportion of children under 5 years of age who are developmentally on track in health, I and psychosocial well-being, by sex           Participation         4.2.2         10.         Participation rates in organized learning (one year before the official primary entry age), b           TVET and Higher         Target 4.3 By 2030, ensure equal access for all women and men to affordable quality technical, vocational are trainay education, including university         Participation         4.3.1         Participation rate of youth and adults in formal and non-formal education and training in t previous 12 months, by sex           Skills for work         Larget 4.4 By 2030, substantially increase the number of youth and adults who have relevant skills, including university.         Skills         4.4.1         16.2         Proportion of youth and adults who information and communications technology (ICT) as ty vocational training for the vulnerable, including persons with disabilities, indigenous peoples and children in vulnerable situations.         Proportion of youth and as substantial proportion of adults, both men and women, achi unterable situations.           Policy         4.5.1         Imate that all youth and as substantial proportion of adults, bo |  |  |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Higher  |  | rget 4.2 By 2030, ensure that all girls and boys have access to quality early childhood development, care and premary education so that they are ready for primary education         2.1       8.       Proportion of children under 5 years of age who are developmentally on track in health, learning and psychosocial well-being, by sex         2.2       10.       Participation rate in organized learning (one year before the official primary entry age), by sex         rget 4.3 By 2030, ensure equal access for all women and men to affordable quality technical, vocational and tary education, including university         3.1       15.       Participation rate of youth and adults in formal and non-formal education and training in the previous 12 months, by sex         rget 4.4 By 2030, substantially increase the number of youth and adults who have relevant skills, including thincal and vocational skills, for employment, decent jobs and entrepreneurship         4.1       16.2       Proportion of youth and adults with information and communications technology (ICT) skills, by type of skill         rget 4.5 By 2030, eliminate gender disparities in education and ensure equal access to all levels of education and cational training for the vulnerable, including persons with disabilities, indigenous peoples and children in Inerable situations         5.1        Parity indices (female/male, rural/urban, bottom/top wealth quintile and others such as disability status, indigenous peoples and conflict-affected, as data become available) for all education indicators on this list that can be disaggregated         rget 4.6 By 2030, ensure that all youth and as substantial propo |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|   | <u>4.3.1</u>   | 15.  |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Skills for work   |  |  |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Skills  | <u>4.4.1</u>   | 16.2   |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Equity  | Target 4.5 By 2030, eliminate gender disparities in education and ensure equal access to all levels of education a vocational training for the vulnerable, including persons with disabilities, indigenous peoples and children in vulnerable situations |  |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Policy  | <u>4.5.1</u>   |  | status, indigenous peoples and conflict-affected, as data become available) for all education   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|   | -  | get 4.6 By 2030, ensure that all youth and aa substantial proportion of adults, both men and women, achieve  |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Skills  | <u>4.6.1</u>   | 22.  |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|   | including an gender equ  | nong others th<br>ality, promotio  | nrough education for sustainable development and sustainable lifestyles, human rights,<br>n of a culture of peace and non-violence, global citizenship, and appreciation of cultural  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Provision   | <u>4.7.1</u>   | 25.  | including gender equality and human rights, are mainstreamed at all levels in: (a) national   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|   | •  |  |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Resources   | <u>4.a.1</u>   | 32.  | Proportion of schools with access to: (d) adapted infrastructure and materials for students with<br>disabilities<br>Proportion of schools with access to: (e) basic drinking water; (f) single-sex basic sanitation   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Scholarships  | particular le education, i   | ast developed ncluding voca  | l countries, small island developing States and African countries, for enrolment in higher tional training, information and communications technology, technical, engineering and   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Numbers   | <u>4.b.1</u>   | 36.  | Volume of official development assistance flows for scholarships by sector and type of study  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Teachers  | cooperation  | for teacher tra  |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Trained   | <u>4.c.1</u>   | 39.  | Proportion of teachers in: (a) pre-primary education; (b) primary education; (c) lower secondary education; and (d) upper secondary education who have received at least the minimum organized teacher training (e.g., pedagogical training) pre-service or in-service required for |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Additional information

# SDG 4 Seychelles

# AT A GLANCE

|  | Primary and<br>secondary<br>education | -    | By 2030, ensure that all girls and be<br>relevant and effective learning outo  |        |   | y pr   | imary and secondary education   |   |
|--|---------------------------------------|------|--|--------|---|--------|---|---|
|  |                                       |      | Proportion of children and young<br>people (a) in Grade 2 or 3 achieving<br>at least a minimum proficiency level<br>in (i) reading<br>MF                                 | Source | Proportion of children and young<br>people (a) in Grade 2 or 3 achieving<br>at least a minimum proficiency level<br>in (i) reading<br>M                                 | Source | Proportion of children and young<br>people (a) in Grade 2 or 3 achieving<br>at least a minimum proficiency level<br>in (i) reading<br>F                                 |   |
|  |                                       |      | Read.G2t3  |        | Read.G2t3.M   |        | Read.G2t3.F   | 1 |
|  |                                       | m    | m  |        | m   |        | m   |   |
|  |                                       |      | Proportion of children and young<br>people (b) at the end of primary<br>education achieving at least a<br>minimum proficiency level in (i)<br>reading<br>MF              | Source | Proportion of children and young<br>people (b) at the end of primary<br>education achieving at least a<br>minimum proficiency level in (i)<br>reading<br>M              | Source | Proportion of children and young<br>people (b) at the end of primary<br>education achieving at least a<br>minimum proficiency level in (i)<br>reading<br>F              |   |
|  |                                       |      | Read.Primary   |        | Read.Primary.M  |        | Read.Primary.F  |   |
|  |                                       | 2010 | 88.3   | 4      | 94.9  | 4      | 81.9  |   |
|  |                                       |      | Proportion of children and young<br>people (c) at the end of lower<br>secondary education achieving at<br>least a minimum proficiency level in<br>(i) reading<br>MF      | Source | Proportion of children and young<br>people (c) at the end of lower<br>secondary education achieving at<br>least a minimum proficiency level in<br>(i) reading<br>M      | Source | Proportion of children and young<br>people (c) at the end of lower<br>secondary education achieving at<br>least a minimum proficiency level in<br>(i) reading<br>F      | • |
| Sything the Development Call   |                                       |      | Read.LowerSec  |        | Read.LowerSec.M   |        | Read.LowerSec.F   |   |
|  |                                       | m    | m  |        | m   |        | m   |   |
|  | <u>Learning</u><br>(4.1.1)            |      | Proportion of children and young<br>people (a) in Grade 2 or 3 achieving<br>at least a minimum proficiency level<br>in (ii) mathematics<br>MF                            | Source | Proportion of children and young<br>people (a) in Grade 2 or 3 achieving<br>at least a minimum proficiency level<br>in (ii) mathematics<br>M                            | Source | Proportion of children and young<br>people (a) in Grade 2 or 3 achieving<br>at least a minimum proficiency level<br>in (ii) mathematics<br>F                            |   |
|  |                                       |      | Math.G2t3  |        | Math.G2t3.M   |        | Math.G2t3.F   |   |
| ources: ERCE <sup>5</sup> ,  |                                       | m    | m  |        | m   |        | m   |   |
| PASEC <sup>1</sup> , PIRLS <sup>2</sup> ,<br>PISA <sup>3</sup> , SACMEQ <sup>4</sup><br>and TIMSS <sup>6</sup> |                                       |      | Proportion of children and young<br>people (b) at the end of primary<br>education achieving at least a<br>minimum proficiency level in (ii)<br>mathematics<br>MF         | Source | Proportion of children and young<br>people (b) at the end of primary<br>education achieving at least a<br>minimum proficiency level in (ii)<br>mathematics<br>M         | Source | Proportion of children and young<br>people (b) at the end of primary<br>education achieving at least a<br>minimum proficiency level in (ii)<br>mathematics<br>F         |   |
|  |                                       |      | Math.Primary   |        | Math.Primary.M  |        | Math.Primary.F  |   |
|  |                                       | 2010 | 82.2   | 4      | 87.9  | 4      | 76.7  | _ |
|  |                                       |      | Proportion of children and young<br>people (c) at the end of lower<br>secondary education achieving at<br>least a minimum proficiency level in<br>(ii) mathematics<br>MF | Source | Proportion of children and young<br>people (c) at the end of lower<br>secondary education achieving at<br>least a minimum proficiency level in<br>(ii) mathematics<br>M | Source | Proportion of children and young<br>people (c) at the end of lower<br>secondary education achieving at<br>least a minimum proficiency level in<br>(ii) mathematics<br>F | • |
|  |                                       |      | Math.LowerSec  |        | Math.LowerSec.M   |        | Math.LowerSec.F   |   |
|  |                                       | m    | m  | 1      | m   |        | m   | 1 |



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|                             | Early Childhood                            | -    | By 2030, ensure that all girls and bo<br>so that they are ready for primary e   | duc       |  | bod       | development, care and pre-primary   | у     |
|-----------------------------|--|------|---|-----------|--|-----------|---|-------|
|                             | Readiness for<br>primary school<br>(4.2.1) |      | Proportion of children under 5 years<br>of age who are developmentally on<br>track in health, learning and<br>psychosocial well-being | Qualifier |  |           |   |       |
|                             | (Sources: MICS,<br>DHS and                 |      | On track 3 domains, MF  |           |  |           |   |       |
| Scanable Sevelopment Gang   | UNICEF. Data are analysed by               |      | OnTrack.three.domains   |           |  |           |   |       |
| EARLY CHILDHOOD DEVELOPMENT | the UNICEF)                                | m    | m   |           |  |           |   |       |
|                             | Participation<br>(4.2.2)                   |      |   | Qualifier | Participation rate in organized<br>learning (one year before the official<br>primary entry age)<br>Adjusted net enrolment rate, AgM1,<br>M | Qualifier | Participation rate in organized<br>learning (one year before the official<br>primary entry age)<br>Adjusted net enrolment rate, AgM1, F | ifier |
|                             | (Source: UIS)                              |      | NERA.AGM1.cp  |           | NERA.AGM1.M.cp   |           | NERA.AGM1.F.cp  |       |
|                             |  | 2015 | 90.2  |           | 87.2   |           | 93.4  |       |

|                  |                |   | By 2030, ensure equal access for al including university  | l wo      | omen and men to affordable quality   | tec       | hnical, vocational and tertiary  |  |
|------------------|----------------|---|---|-----------|--|-----------|--|--|
|                  | Participation  |   | Participation rate of youth and adults<br>in formal and non-formal education<br>and training in the previous 12<br>months, by sex, MF | Qualifier | Participation rate of youth and adults<br>in formal and non-formal education<br>and training in the previous 12<br>months, M | Qualifier | Participation rate of youth and adults<br>in formal and non-formal education<br>and training in the previous 12<br>months, F |  |
|                  | <u>(4.3.1)</u> |   |   |           |  |           |  |  |
| Source: Eurostat |                | m | m   |           | m  |           | m  |  |

|                   | Skills for work Target 4.4 By 2030, substantially increase the number of youth and adults who have relevant skills, including techni vocational skills, for employment, decent jobs and entrepreneurship |             |   |           |  |           |   |           |
|-------------------|--|-------------|---|-----------|--|-----------|---|-----------|
|                   | <u>Skills</u><br>(4.4.1)   |             | Proportion of youth and adults with<br>information and communications<br>technology (ICT) skills, by type of<br>skill<br>Who have copied or moved a file or<br>folder | Qualifier | Proportion of youth and adults with<br>information and communications<br>technology (ICT) skills, by type of<br>skill<br>Who have connected and installed<br>new devices | Qualifier | Proportion of youth and adults with<br>information and communications<br>technology (ICT) skills, by type of<br>skill<br>Who have created electronic<br>presentations with presentation<br>software | Qualifier |
|                   |  |             | yadult.porcentICTskill.copi   |           | yadult.porcentlCTskill.connec  |           | yadult.porcentICTskill.creat  |           |
| Sources: Eurostat |  | Latest year | m   |           | m  |           | m   |           |
| and ITU           |  |             | m   |           | m  |           | m   |           |

| Equity |             | By 2030, eliminate gender disparitie training for the vulnerable, includir   |        |   |        |   |        |
|--------|-------------|--|--------|---|--------|---|--------|
|        |             | Proportion of children and young<br>people (a) in grades 2/3 of primary<br>education achieving at least a<br>minimum proficiency level in (i)<br>reading<br>Parity Index (Girls/Boys)      | Source | Proportion of children and young<br>people (b) at the end of primary<br>education achieving at least a<br>minimum proficiency level in (i)<br>reading<br>Parity Index (Girls/Boys)      | Source | Proportion of children and young<br>people (c) at the end of lower<br>secondary education achieving at<br>least a minimum proficiency level in<br>(i) reading<br>Parity Index (Girls/Boys)      | Source |
|        |             |  |        |   |        |   |        |
|        | Latest year | m  |        | 2010  |        | m   |        |
|        |             | m  |        | 0.86  | 4      | m   |        |
|        |             | Proportion of children and young<br>people (a) in grades 2/3 of primary<br>education achieving at least a<br>minimum proficiency level in (ii)<br>mathematics<br>Parity Index (Girls/Boys) | Source | Proportion of children and young<br>people (b) at the end of primary<br>education achieving at least a<br>minimum proficiency level in (ii)<br>mathematics<br>Parity Index (Girls/Boys) | Source | Proportion of children and young<br>people (c) at the end of lower<br>secondary education achieving at<br>least a minimum proficiency level in<br>(ii) mathematics<br>Parity Index (Girls/Boys) | Source |
|        |             |  |        |   |        |   |        |
|        | Latest year | m  |        | 2010  |        | m   |        |
|        |             | m  |        | 0.87  | 4      | m   |        |

| Colling Bendannav Grin  | <u>Policy</u><br>(4.5.1) |             | Percentage of population in a given<br>age group achieving at least a fixed<br>level of proficiency in functional (a)<br>literacy by sex<br>Gender Parity Index        | Qualifier | Percentage of population in a given<br>age group achieving at least a fixed<br>level of proficiency in functional (a)<br>literacy by sex<br>Geographic Location Parity Index  | Qualifier | Percentage of population in a given<br>age group achieving at least a fixed<br>level of proficiency in functional (a)<br>literacy by sex<br>Parity Index (Low Socio-Economic<br>Status/High Socio-Economic Status) | ualifier  |
|---|--------------------------|-------------|--|-----------|---|-----------|--|-----------|
|   |                          |             | yadult.profiliteracy.sex   |           | yadult.profiliteracy.loc  |           | yadult.profiliteracy.sta   |           |
|   |                          | Latest year | m  |           | m   |           | m  |           |
|   |                          |             | m  |           | m   |           | m  |           |
| Sources: The<br>sources for these<br>indexes are the<br>same as for those<br>indicators that<br>compose the<br>indexes. |                          |             | Percentage of population in a given<br>age group achieving at least a fixed<br>level of proficiency in functional (b)<br>numeracy skills by sex<br>Gender Parity Index | Qualifier | Percentage of population in a given<br>age group achieving at least a fixed<br>level of proficiency in functional (b)<br>numeracy skills by sex<br>Parity Index (Low Socio-Economic<br>Status/High Socio-Economic Status) | Qualifier | Percentage of population in a given<br>age group achieving at least a fixed<br>level of proficiency in functional (b)<br>numeracy skills by sex<br>Geographic Location Parity Index                                | uali      |
|   |                          |             | yadult.profinumeracy.sex   |           | yadult.profinumeracy.sta  |           | yadult.profinumeracy.loc   |           |
|   |                          | Latest year | m  |           | m   |           | m  |           |
|   |                          |             | m  |           | m   |           | m  |           |
|   |                          |             | Percentage of teachers who are<br>trained<br>Pre-primary,<br>Gender Parity Index   | Qualifier | Percentage of teachers who are<br>trained<br>Primary,<br>Gender Parity Index  | Qualifier | Percentage of teachers who are<br>trained<br>Total secondary,<br>Gender Parity Index   | Qualifier |
|   |                          |             | TRTP.02.gpi  |           | TRTP.1.gpi  |           | TRTP.2t3.gpi   |           |
|   |                          | Latest year | m  |           | 2015  |           | 2015   |           |
|   |                          |             | m  |           | 1.09  |           | 1  |           |

|                           | Literacy and<br>Numeracy | Target 4.6 I<br>numeracy | Target 4.6 By 2030, ensure that all youth and a substantial proportion of adults, both men and women, achieve literacy and numeracy      |           |  |           |  |       |  |  |  |
|---------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--|-----------|--|-----------|--|-------|--|--|--|
|                           |                          |                          | Percentage of population in a given<br>age group achieving at least a fixed<br>level of proficiency in functional (a)<br>literacy<br>MF  | Qualifier | Percentage of population in a given<br>age group achieving at least a fixed<br>level of proficiency in functional (a)<br>literacy<br>M   | Qualifier | Percentage of population in a given<br>age group achieving at least a fixed<br>level of proficiency in functional (a)<br>literacy<br>F   | ualii |  |  |  |
| Sandhable Development Gra |                          |                          | yadult.profiliteracy   |           |  |           |  |       |  |  |  |
|                           | <u>Skills</u><br>(4.6.1) | m                        | m  |           | m  |           | m  |       |  |  |  |
|                           |                          |                          | Percentage of population in a given<br>age group achieving at least a fixed<br>level of proficiency in functional (b)<br>numeracy skills | Qualifier | Percentage of population in a given<br>age group achieving at least a fixed<br>level of proficiency in functional (b)<br>numeracy skills |           | Percentage of population in a given<br>age group achieving at least a fixed<br>level of proficiency in functional (b)<br>numeracy skills | Jalii |  |  |  |
|                           |                          |                          | MF   |           | М  |           | F  |       |  |  |  |
| Sources: PIAAC,           |                          |                          | yadult.profinumeracy   |           |  |           |  |       |  |  |  |
| STEP                      |                          | m                        | m  |           | m  |           | m  |       |  |  |  |

| Standard Development (Sport<br>Texture in Section Section<br>Section in Section Sect | Global<br>Citizenship       | knowledge a<br>developmen<br>education fo<br>sustainable<br>promotion o<br>global citize<br>diversity and | Target 4.7 By 2030, ensure all learners acquire<br>knowledge and skills needed to promote sustainable<br>development, including among others through<br>education for sustainable development and<br>sustainable lifestyles, human rights, gender equality,<br>promotion of a culture of peace and non-violence,<br>global citizenship, and appreciation of cultural<br>diversity and of culture's contribution to sustainable<br>development |           |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|--|-----------------------------|---|---|-----------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
|  | <u>Provision</u><br>(4.7.1) |   | Extent to which (i) global citizenship<br>education and (ii) education for<br>sustainable development, including<br>gender equality and human rights,<br>are mainstreamed at all levels in: (a)<br>national education policies, (b)<br>curricula, (c) teacher education and<br>(d) student assessment   | Qualifier |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |                             |   | §§  |           |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |                             |   | m   |           |  |  |  |  |  |  |

§§ : Please note that this indicator is still in development and will not be available until the end of 2017.

|                          | School<br>Environment | -           | Build and upgrade education facilit<br>nd effective learning environments   |           |   | ser       | nsitive and provide safe, non-viole   | nt,       |
|--------------------------|-----------------------|-------------|---|-----------|---|-----------|---|-----------|
|                          |                       |             | Percentage of primary schools with<br>access to: (a) electricity (%)<br>Primary   | Qualifier | Proportion of schools with access<br>to: (b) Internet for pedagogical<br>purposes;<br>Primary   | Qualifier | Proportion of schools with access<br>to: (c) computers for pedagogical<br>purposes<br>Primary   | Qualifier |
|                          |                       |             | SchBSP.1.Pu.Welec   |           | SchBSP.1.Pu.WIntern   |           | SchBSP.1.Pu.Wcomput   |           |
|                          |                       | Latest year | 2015  |           | m   |           | m   |           |
|                          |                       |             | 100   |           | m   |           | m   |           |
|                          |                       |             | Percentage of lower secondary<br>schools with access to: (a) electricity<br>(%)<br>Lower Secondary                                | Qualifier | Proportion of schools with access<br>to: (b) Internet for pedagogical<br>purposes;<br>Lower Secondary                                     | Qualifier | Proportion of schools with access<br>to: (c) computers for pedagogical<br>purposes<br>Lower secondary                                     | Qualifier |
|                          |                       |             | SchBSP.2.Pu.Welec   |           | SchBSP.2.Pu.WIntern   |           | SchBSP.2.Pu.Wcomput   |           |
|                          |                       | Latest year | 2014  |           | m   |           | m   |           |
|                          |                       |             | 100   |           | m   |           | m   | Т         |
|                          |                       |             | Percentage of upper secondary<br>schools with access to: (a) electricity<br>(%)<br>Upper secondary                                | Qualifier | Proportion of schools with access<br>to: (b) Internet for pedagogical<br>purposes;<br>Upper secondary                                     | Qualifier | Proportion of schools with access<br>to: (c) computers for pedagogical<br>purposes<br>Upper secondary                                     | Qualifier |
|                          |                       |             | SchBSP.3.Pu.Welec   |           | SchBSP.3.Pu.WIntern   |           | SchBSP.3.Pu.Wcomput   |           |
|                          |                       | Latest year | m   |           | m   |           | m   |           |
|                          |                       |             | m   |           | m   |           | m   |           |
| -shalle Development Gene |                       |             | Percentage of total secondary<br>schools with access to: (a) electricity<br>(%)<br>Total secondary                                | Qualifier | Proportion of schools with access<br>to: (b) Internet for pedagogical<br>purposes;<br>Total secondary                                     | Qualifier | Proportion of schools with access<br>to: (c) computers for pedagogical<br>purposes<br>Total secondary                                     | Qualifier |
| SCHOOL NFRASTRUCTURE     |                       |             | SchBSP.2t3.Pu.Welec   |           | SchBSP.2t3.Pu.WIntern   |           | SchBSP.2t3.Pu.Wcomput   |           |
|                          |                       | Latest year | m   |           | m   |           | m   |           |
|                          | Resources             |             | m   |           | m   |           | m   |           |
|                          | <u>(4.a.1)</u>        |             |   |           |   | ·         |   | -         |
|                          |                       |             | Proportion of schools with access<br>to: (d) adapted infrastructure and<br>materials for students with<br>disabilities<br>Primary | Qualifier | Proportion of schools with access<br>to: (d) adapted infrastructure and<br>materials for students with<br>disabilities<br>Lower Secondary | Qualifier | Proportion of schools with access<br>to: (d) adapted infrastructure and<br>materials for students with<br>disabilities<br>Upper Secondary | Qualifier |
|                          |                       |             | §§  |           | §§  |           | §§  |           |
|                          |                       | m           | m   |           | m   |           | m   | T         |
|                          |                       |             |   |           |   |           |   |           |
| Source: UIS              |                       |             | Percentage of primary schools with<br>access to: (e) potable water (%)  | Qualifier | Percentage of primary schools with<br>(f) single-sex toilets (%)  | Qualifier | Percentage of primary schools with<br>(g) hand washing facilities (%)   | Qualifier |
|                          |                       |             | SchBSP.1.Pu.WPoWat  |           | SchBSP.1.Pu.WSToil  |           | SchBSP.1.Pu.WHF   |           |
|                          |                       | Latest year | 2015  |           | 2015  |           | 2015  |           |
|                          |                       |             | 100   |           | 100   |           | 100   |           |
|                          |                       |             | Percentage of lower secondary<br>schools with access to: (e) potable<br>water (%)   | Qualifier | Percentage of lower secondary<br>schools with (f) single-sex toilets (%)  | Qualifier | Percentage of lower secondary<br>schools with (g) hand washing<br>facilities (%)  | Qualifier |
|                          |                       |             | SchBSP.2.Pu.WPoWat  |           | SchBSP.2.Pu.WSToil  |           | SchBSP.2.Pu.WHF   |           |
|                          |                       | Latest year | 2014  |           | 2014  |           | m   |           |
|                          |                       |             | 100   |           | 100   |           | m   | Τ         |
|                          |                       |             | Percentage of upper secondary<br>schools with access to: (e) potable<br>water (%)   | Qualifier | Percentage of upper secondary<br>schools with (f) single-sex toilets (%)  | Qualifier | Percentage of upper secondary<br>schools with (g) hand washing<br>facilities (%)  | Qualifier |
|                          |                       |             | SchBSP.3.Pu.WPoWat  |           | SchBSP.3.Pu.WSToil  |           | SchBSP.3.Pu.WHF   |           |
|                          |                       | Latest year | m   |           | m   |           | m   |           |
|                          |                       |             | m   |           | m   |           |   | 1         |

| Colomba Declanary (Colomba)<br>Statuser | Scholarships              | number of s<br>countries, in<br>small island<br>for enrolmen<br>vocational to<br>technology, | y 2020, substantially expand globally the<br>cholarships available to developing<br>a particular least developed countries,<br>developing States and African countrient<br>in higher education, including<br>raining, information and communication<br>technical, engineering and scientific<br>is in developed countries and other<br>countries | es,       |
|---|---------------------------|--|--|-----------|
|   | <u>Numbers</u><br>(4.b.1) |  | Volume of official development<br>assistance flows for scholarships by<br>sector and type of study<br>(Constant Prices - 2014 USD)   | Qualifier |
|   |                           |  | odaflow.volumescholarship  |           |
| Source : OECD                           |                           | 2014   | 720733   |           |

|                               | Teachers       | •    |  |       | upply of qualified teachers, includir specially least developed countries | × .   | •   | or    |
|-------------------------------|----------------|------|--|-------|---|-------|---|-------|
|                               |                |      | Percentage of trained teachers,<br>Pre-primary, MF     | Qual. | Percentage of trained teachers, Pre-<br>primary, M                        | Qual. | Percentage of trained teachers, Pre-<br>primary, F    | Qual. |
|                               |                |      | TRTP.02  |       | TRTP.02.M   |       | TRTP.02.F   |       |
|                               |                | 2015 | 81.2   |       | Z   |       | 81.2  |       |
|                               |                |      | Percentage of trained teachers,<br>Primary, MF         | Qual. | Percentage of trained teachers,<br>Primary, M                             | Qual. | Percentage of trained teachers,<br>Primary, F         | Qual. |
|                               |                |      | TRTP.1   |       | TRTP.1.M  |       | TRTP.1.F  |       |
| Sythematic Development Courts | Trained        | 2015 | 83.6   |       | 77.6  |       | 84.4  |       |
|                               |                |      | Percentage of trained teachers,<br>Lower secondary, MF | Qual. | Percentage of trained teachers,<br>Lower secondary, M                     | Qual. | Percentage of trained teachers,<br>Lower secondary, F | Qual. |
|                               | <u>(4.c.1)</u> |      | TRTP.2   |       | TRTP.2.M  |       | TRTP.2.F  |       |
|                               |                | m    | m  |       | m   |       | m   |       |
|                               |                |      | Percentage of trained teachers,<br>Upper secondary, MF | Qual. | Percentage of trained teachers,<br>Upper secondary, M                     | Qual. | Percentage of trained teachers,<br>Upper secondary, F | Qual. |
| Source: UIS                   |                |      | TRTP.3   |       | TRTP.3.M  |       | TRTP.3.F  |       |
|                               |                | m    | m  |       | m   |       | m   |       |
|                               |                |      | Percentage of trained teachers, Total secondary, MF    | Qual. | Percentage of trained teachers, Total secondary, M                        | Qual. | Percentage of trained teachers, Total secondary, F    | Qual. |
|                               |                |      | TRTP.2t3   |       | TRTP.2t3.M  |       | TRTP.2t3.F  |       |
|                               |                | 2015 | 98.9   |       | 98.8  |       | 98.9  | Τ     |

### Legend

\* : National estimation \*\* : UIS estimation

- m : data not reported / not deemed publishable
- z : category not applicable 0 : nil or negligible §§ : Indicator is not available yet.









### 4.1.1 PROPORTION OF CHILDREN AND YOUNG PEOPLE (A) IN GRADE 2 OR 3; (B) AT THE END OF PRIMARY EDUCATION; AND (C) AT THE END OF LOWER SECONDARY EDUCATION ACHIEVING AT LEAST A MINIMUM PROFICIENCY LEVEL IN (I) READING AND (II) MATHEMATICS, BY SEX

### Definition :

Percentage of children and young people in Grade 2 or 3 of primary education, at the end of primary education and the end of lower secondary education achieving at least a minimum proficiency level in (a) reading and (b) mathematics. The minimum proficiency level will be measured relative to new common reading and mathematics scales currently in development. *Minimum proficiency level* is the benchmark of basic knowledge in a domain (mathematics or reading) measured through learning assessments.

The indicator shows data published by each of the agencies and organizations specialised in cross-national learning assessments. Unless otherwise indicated, the same cut-off level is used for both reading and mathematics in a given learning assessment.

#### **Purpose:**

The indicator is a direct measure of the learning outcomes achieved in the two subject areas at the end of the relevant stages of education

Additional information http://sdg4monitoring.uis.unesco.org http://tellmaps.com/sdg4/#!/topic/TARGETS

| <b>ba</b>         |   | arget 4.1 By 2030, ensure that all girls and boys complete free, equitable and quality primary and econdary education leading to relevant and effective learning outcomes |   |   |             |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|-------------------|---|---|---|---|-------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
|                   |   | Proportion of children and young people (a) in Grade 2 or 3 of primary education<br>people (a) in Grade 2 or 3 of primary education                                       |   |   |             |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Year              | Proportion of children and young<br>people (a) in Grade 2 or 3 of primary<br>education achieving at least a minimum<br>proficiency level in (i) reading<br>MF | Source  | Proportion of children and young<br>people (a) in Grade 2 or 3 of primary<br>education achieving at least a minimum<br>proficiency level<br>in (i) reading<br>M | Proportion of children and young people<br>(a) in Grade 2 or 3 of primary education<br>achieving at least a minimum proficiency<br>level<br>in (i) reading<br>F |             |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Seychelles        | Read.G2t3   |   | Read.G2t3.M   |   | Read.G2t3.F |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2010              | m   |   | m   |   | m           |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2011              | m   |   | m   |   | m           |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2012              | m   |   | m   |   | m           |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2013              | m   |   | m   |   | m           |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2014              | m   |   | m   |   | m           |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2015 <sup>3</sup> | m   |   | m   |   | m           |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2015 <sup>6</sup> | m   |   | m   |   | m           |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Note : Results for this indicator should only be compared within the same type of learning assessment. For example, PISA results with PISA, TIMSS results with TIMSS, etc.

Sources: ERCE<sup>5</sup>, PASEC<sup>1</sup>, PIRLS<sup>2</sup>, PISA<sup>3</sup>, SACMEQ<sup>4</sup> and TIMSS<sup>6</sup>

|                   |  |        | SDG4 4.1.1  |   |  |   |
|-------------------|--|--------|---|---|--|---|
| Year              | Proportion of children and young<br>people b) at the end of primary<br>education achieving at least a minimum<br>proficiency level<br>in (i) reading<br>MF | Source | Proportion of children and young<br>people b) at the end of primary<br>education achieving at least a minimum<br>proficiency level<br>in (i) reading<br>M |   | Proportion of children and young people b)<br>at the end of primary education achieving<br>at least a minimum proficiency level<br>in (i) reading<br>F |   |
| Seychelles        | Read.Primary   |        | Read.Primary.M  |   | Read.Primary.F   |   |
| 2010              | 88.3   | 4      | 94.9  | 4 | 81.9   | 4 |
| 2011              | m  |        | m   |   | m  |   |
| 2012              | m  |        | m   |   | m  |   |
| 2013              | m  |        | m   |   | m  |   |
| 2014              | m  |        | m   |   | m  |   |
| 2015 <sup>3</sup> | m  |        | m   |   | m  |   |
| 2015 <sup>6</sup> | m  |        | m   |   | m  |   |

Note : Results for this indicator should only be compared within the same type of learning assessment. For example, PISA results with PISA, TIMSS results with TIMSS, etc. For some countries, the measurement point does not correspond exactly to the end of primary but is one grade higher or lower.

Sources: ERCE<sup>5</sup>, PASEC<sup>1</sup>, PIRLS<sup>2</sup>, PISA<sup>3</sup>, SACMEQ<sup>4</sup> and TIMSS<sup>6</sup>

|                   |  | SDG4 4.1.1 |  |     |  |     |  |  |  |
|-------------------|--|------------|--|-----|--|-----|--|--|--|
|                   | Proportion of children and young       | So         | Proportion of children and young<br>people (c) at the end of lower |     | <sup>0</sup> Proportion of children and young people |     |  |  |  |
|                   | people (c) at the end of lower         | urc        | people (c) at the end of lower                                     | urc | (c) at the end of lower secondary education          | uro |  |  |  |
| Year              | secondary education achieving at least |            | secondary education achieving at least                             | e   | achieving at least a minimum proficiency             | e   |  |  |  |
| rear              | a minimum proficiency level            |            | a minimum proficiency level  |     | level  |     |  |  |  |
|                   | in (i) reading                         |            | in (i) reading   |     | in (i) reading                                       |     |  |  |  |
|                   | MF                                     |            | M  |     | F  |     |  |  |  |
| Seychelles        | Read.LowerSec                          |            | Read.LowerSec.M  |     | Read.LowerSec.F                                      |     |  |  |  |
| 2010              | m                                      |            | m  |     | m  |     |  |  |  |
| 2011              | m                                      |            | m  |     | m  |     |  |  |  |
| 2012              | m                                      |            | m  |     | m  |     |  |  |  |
| 2013              | m                                      |            | m  |     | m  |     |  |  |  |
| 2014              | m                                      |            | m  |     | m  |     |  |  |  |
| 2015 <sup>3</sup> | m                                      |            | m  |     | m  |     |  |  |  |
| 2015 <sup>6</sup> | m                                      |            | m  |     | m  |     |  |  |  |

Note : Results for this indicator should only be compared within the same type of learning assessment. For example, PISA results with PISA, TIMSS results with TIMSS, etc. For some countries, the measurement point does not correspond exactly to the end of lower secondary, but is one grade higher or lower.

Sources: ERCE<sup>5</sup>, PASEC<sup>1</sup>, PIRLS<sup>2</sup>, PISA<sup>3</sup>, SACMEQ<sup>4</sup> and TIMSS<sup>6</sup>

### Legend

m : data not reported / not deemed publishable

0 : nil or negligible

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|-----------|-------------|----|
|           | 6           |    |
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|           |             | Ba |

### Target 4.1 By 2030, ensure that all girls and boys complete free, equitable and quality primary and secondary education leading to relevant and effective learning outcomes

|                   |  | SDG4 4.1.1 |  |        |   |        |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|-------------------|--|------------|--|--------|---|--------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Year              | Proportion of children and young<br>people (a) in Grade 2 or 3 of primary<br>education achieving at least a minimum<br>proficiency level in (b) mathematics<br>MF<br>Math.G2t3 |            | Proportion of children and young<br>people (a) in Grade 2 or 3 of primary<br>education achieving at least a minimum<br>proficiency level in (b) mathematics<br>M | Source | Proportion of children and young<br>people (a) in Grade 2 or 3 of primary<br>education achieving at least a<br>minimum proficiency level in (b)<br>mathematics<br>F | Source |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Seychelles        | Math.G2t3  |            | Math.G2t3.M  |        | Math.G2t3.F   |        |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2010              | m  |            | m  |        | m   |        |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2011              | m  |            | m  |        | m   |        |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2012              | m  |            | m  |        | m   |        |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2013              | m  |            | m  |        | m   |        |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2014              | m  |            | m  |        | m   |        |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2015 <sup>3</sup> | m  |            | m  |        | m   |        |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2015 <sup>6</sup> | m  |            | m  |        | m   |        |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Note : Results for this indicator should only be compared within the same type of learning assessment. For example, PISA results with PISA, TIMSS results with TIMSS, etc.

Sources: ERCE<sup>5</sup>, PASEC<sup>1</sup>, PIRLS<sup>2</sup>, PISA<sup>3</sup>, SACMEQ<sup>4</sup> and TIMSS<sup>6</sup>

|                   |   |  | SDG4 4.1.1     |  |  |        |
|-------------------|---|--|----------------|--|--|--------|
| Year              | Proportion of children and young<br>people b) at the end of primary<br>education achieving at least a minimum<br>proficiency level<br>in (ii) mathematics<br>MF | Proportion of children and young<br>people b) at the end of primary<br>education achieving at least a minimum<br>proficiency level<br>in (ii) mathematics<br>M |                |  | Proportion of children and young<br>people b) at the end of primary<br>education achieving at least a minimum<br>proficiency level<br>in (ii) mathematics<br>F | Source |
| Seychelles        | Math.Primary  |  | Math.Primary.M |  | Math.Primary.F   |        |
| 2010              | 82.2  | 4  | 87.9           |  | 76.7   | 4      |
| 2011              | m   |  | m              |  | m  |        |
| 2012              | m   |  | m              |  | m  |        |
| 2013              | m   |  | m              |  | m  |        |
| 2014              | m   |  | m              |  | m  |        |
| 2015 <sup>3</sup> | m   |  | m              |  | m  |        |
| 2015 <sup>6</sup> | m   |  | m              |  | m  |        |

Note : Results for this indicator should only be compared within the same type of learning assessment. For example, PISA results with PISA, TIMSS results with TIMSS, etc. For some countries, the measurement point does not correspond exactly to the end of primary but is one grade higher or lower.

Sources: ERCE<sup>5</sup>, PASEC<sup>1</sup>, PIRLS<sup>2</sup>, PISA<sup>3</sup>, SACMEQ<sup>4</sup> and TIMSS<sup>6</sup>

|                   |  | SDG4 4.1.1 |   |        |   |        |  |  |  |  |
|-------------------|--|------------|---|--------|---|--------|--|--|--|--|
| Year              | Proportion of children and young<br>people (c) at the end of lower<br>secondary education achieving at least<br>a minimum proficiency level<br>in (ii) mathematics<br>MF | Source     | Proportion of children and young<br>people (c) at the end of lower<br>secondary education achieving at least<br>a minimum proficiency level<br>in (ii) mathematics<br>M | Source | Proportion of children and young<br>people (c) at the end of lower<br>secondary education achieving at least<br>a minimum proficiency level<br>in (ii) mathematics<br>F | Source |  |  |  |  |
| Seychelles        | Math.LowerSec  |            | Math.LowerSec.M   |        | Math.LowerSec.F   |        |  |  |  |  |
| 2010              | m  |            | m   |        | m   |        |  |  |  |  |
| 2011              | m  |            | m   |        | m   |        |  |  |  |  |
| 2012              | m  |            | m   |        | m   |        |  |  |  |  |
| 2013              | m  |            | m   |        | m   |        |  |  |  |  |
| 2014              | m  |            | m   |        | m   |        |  |  |  |  |
| 2015 <sup>3</sup> | m  |            | m   |        | m   |        |  |  |  |  |
| 2015 <sup>6</sup> | m m  |            | m   |        | m   |        |  |  |  |  |

Note : Results for this indicator should only be compared within the same type of learning assessment. For example, PISA results with PISA, TIMSS results with TIMSS, etc. For some countries, the measurement point does not correspond exactly to the end of lower secondary, but is one grade higher or lower.

Sources: ERCE<sup>5</sup>, PASEC<sup>1</sup>, PIRLS<sup>2</sup>, PISA<sup>3</sup>, SACMEQ<sup>4</sup> and TIMSS<sup>6</sup>

### Legend

m : data not reported / not deemed publishable

0 : nil or negligible









### 4.2.1 PROPORTION OF CHILDREN UNDER 5 YEARS OF AGE WHO ARE DEVELOPMENTALLY ON TRACK IN HEALTH, LEARNING AND PSYCHOSOCIAL WELL-BEING, BY SEX

The MICS ECDI presently defines "on track" as the percentage of children aged 36-59 months who developmentally on-track in at least three of the following four domains: literacy-numeracy, physical, socio-emotional and learning. Other measures use different definitions, with varying empirically and conceptually driven perspectives on how best to define "on track".

There is not yet a globally-accepted definition of "developmentally on track."

At present, the MICS Early Childhood Development Index defines "on track" as a child is developmentally on track in literacynumeracy if they can identify at least 10 letters of the alphabet, read 4 simple words and recognise and name all numbers from 1 to 10.

A child is developmentally on-track physically if they can pick up small objects easily and are generally well enough to play. A child is developmentally on-track in socio-emotional development if they are able to undertake simple activities independently, get along with other children and do not usually kick, bite or hit other children or adults.

A child is developmentally on-track in learning if they participate in any type of organized learning including early childhood education, kindergarten or community care.

However, this definition is not universally accepted, and other measures use alternative definitions of "on track."

#### Purpose:

The indicator is a broad measure of children's development and their preparedness to begin school. Available data for global tracking are typically collected from individual-level data through direct assessment of children in many regional or national-level assessments, or reported by mothers/primary caregivers or teachers, which are then used to calculate an indicator that represents a composite measure across a range of agreed characteristics in the areas of health, learning and psychosocial well-being.

### 4.2.2 PARTICIPATION RATE IN ORGANIZED LEARNING (ONE YEAR BEFORE THE OFFICIAL PRIMARY ENTRY AGE), BY SEX

### Definition:

Percentage of children in the given age range who participate in one or more organized learning programme, including programmes which offer a combination of education and care. Participation in early childhood education and in primary education are both included. The age range will vary by country depending on the official age for entry to primary education. An organized learning programme is one which consists of a coherent set or sequence of educational activities designed with the

intention of achieving pre-determined learning outcomes or the accomplishment of a specific set of educational tasks. Early childhood and primary education programmes are examples of organized learning programmes.

Early childhood and primary education are defined in the 2011 revision of the International Standard Classification of Education (ISCED 2011). Early childhood education is typically designed with a holistic approach to support children's early cognitive, physical, social and emotional development and to introduce young children to organized instruction outside the family context. Primary education offers learning and educational activities designed to provide students with fundamental skills in reading, writing and mathematics and establish a solid foundation for learning and understanding core areas of knowledge and personal development. It focuses on learning at a basic level of complexity with little, if any, specialisation.

The official primary entry age is the age at which children are obliged to start primary education according to national legislation or policies.

Where more than one age is specified, for example, in different parts of a country, the most common official entry age (i.e. the age at which most children in the country are expected to start primary) is used for the calculation of this indicator at the global level.

#### Purpose:

The indicator measures children's exposure to organized learning activities in the year prior to the start of primary school.

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|--|---|-----------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
|  | SDG4 4.2.1  |           |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Year   | Proportion of children under 5<br>years of age who are<br>developmentally on track in<br>health, learning and<br>psychosocial well-being. | Qualifier |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Seychelles   | OnTrack.three.domains   |           |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2010   | m   |           |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2011   | m   |           |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2012   | m   |           |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2013   | m   |           |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2014   | m   |           |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2015   | m   |           |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2016   | m   |           |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Sources: ECDI

|            |   | SDG4 4.2.2 |  |           |  |    |  |  |  |  |
|------------|---|------------|--|-----------|--|----|--|--|--|--|
| Year       | Participation rate in organized<br>learning (one year before the<br>official primary entry age)<br>MF | Qualifier  | Participation rate in organized<br>learning (one year before the<br>official primary entry age)<br>M | Qualifier | Participation rate in organized<br>learning (one year before the<br>official primary entry age)<br>F |    |  |  |  |  |
| Seychelles | NERA.AGM1.cp  |            | NERA.AGM1.M.cp   |           | NERA.AGM1.F.cp   |    |  |  |  |  |
| 2010       | 99.2  | **         | 98.5   |           | 100  | ** |  |  |  |  |
| 2011       | 97.9  | **         | 100  |           | 95.7   | ** |  |  |  |  |
| 2012       | m   |            | m  |           | m  |    |  |  |  |  |
| 2013       | 91.1  | **         | 87.5   | **        | 94.8   | ** |  |  |  |  |
| 2014       | 96  |            | 98.4   |           | 93.5   |    |  |  |  |  |
| 2015       | 90.2  |            | 87.2   |           | 93.4   |    |  |  |  |  |
| 2016       | m   | m          |  |           | m  |    |  |  |  |  |

Source: UIS

# Legend

\* : National estimation \*\* : UIS estimation

m : data not reported / not deemed publishable
z : category not applicable
0 : nil or negligible









# 4.3.1 Participation rate of youth and adults in formal and non-formal education and training in the previous 12 months, by sex

### **Definition:**

- Percentage of youth and adults in a given age range (e.g. 15-24 years, 25-64 years, etc.) participating in formal
  or non-formal education or training in a given time period (e.g. last 12 months).
- Formal education and training is defined as education provided by the system of schools, colleges, universities and other formal educational institutions that normally constitutes a continuous 'ladder' of full-time education for children and young people, generally beginning at the age of 5 to 7 and continuing to up to 20 or 25 years old. In some countries, the upper parts of this 'ladder' are organized programmes of joint part-time employment and part-time participation in the regular school and university system.
- Non-formal education and training is defined as any organized and sustained learning activities that do not correspond exactly to the above definition of formal education. Non-formal education may therefore take place both within and outside educational institutions and cater to people of all ages. Depending on national contexts, it may cover educational programmes to impart adult literacy, life-skills, work-skills, and general culture.

### Purpose:

• To show the level of participation of youth and adults in education and training of all types.

Additional information http://sdg4monitoring.uis.unesco.org http://tellmaps.com/sdg4/#!/topic/TARGETS

|            |  | arget 4.3 By 2030, ensure equal access for all women and men to<br>ifordable quality technical, vocational and tertiary education, including<br>niversity |   |           |   |           |  |  |  |  |
|------------|--|---|---|-----------|---|-----------|--|--|--|--|
|            |  | SDG4 4.3.1  |   |           |   |           |  |  |  |  |
| Year       | Participation rate of<br>youth and adults in<br>formal and non-formal<br>education and training in<br>the previous 12 months,<br>by sex.<br>MF | Qualifier   | Participation rate of<br>youth and adults in<br>formal and non-formal<br>education and training in<br>the previous 12 months,<br>by sex.<br>M | Qualifier | Participation rate of<br>youth and adults in<br>formal and non-formal<br>education and training in<br>the previous 12 months,<br>by sex.<br>F | Qualifier |  |  |  |  |
| Seychelles |  |   |   |           |   |           |  |  |  |  |
| 2010       | m  |   | m   |           | m   |           |  |  |  |  |
| 2011       | m  |   | m   |           | m   |           |  |  |  |  |
| 2012       | m  |   | m   |           | m   |           |  |  |  |  |
| 2013       | m m  |   |   |           | m   |           |  |  |  |  |
| 2014       | m m  |   |   |           | m   |           |  |  |  |  |
| 2015       | m  | m   |   |           |   |           |  |  |  |  |
| 2016       | m  |   | m   |           | m   |           |  |  |  |  |

Source: Eurostat

## Legend

- m : data not reported / not deemed publishable 0 : nil or negligible









4.4.1 Proportion of youth/adults with information and communications technology (ICT) skills, by type of skill

### **Definition:**

Percentage of youth (aged 15-24 years) and adults (aged 15 years and above) that have undertaken

certain computer-related activities in a given time period (e.g. last three months).

Computer-related activities to measure ICT skills include:

- Copying or moving a file or folder
- Using copy and paste tools to duplicate or move information within a document
- Sending e-mails with attached files (e.g. document, picture, video)
- Using basic arithmetic formulae in a spreadsheet
- Connecting and installing new devices (e.g. modem, camera, printer)
- Finding, downloading, installing and configuring software
- · Creating electronic presentations with presentation software (including text, images, sound, video or charts)
- Transferring files between a computer and other devices
- Writing a computer program using a specialised programming language

A computer refers to a desktop computer, a laptop (portable) computer or a tablet (or similar handheld computer). It does not include equipment with some embedded computing abilities, such as smart TV sets or cellphones.

### Purpose:

ICT skills determine the effective use of information and communication technology. The lack of such skills continues to be one of the key barriers keeping people, and in particular women, from fully benefitting from the potential of information and communication technologies.

|            | • • • •   |           |  |           |   |           |  |  |  |  |  |
|------------|---|-----------|--|-----------|---|-----------|--|--|--|--|--|
|            |   |           | SDG4 4.4.1   |           |   |           |  |  |  |  |  |
| Year       | Proportion of youth and adults<br>with information and<br>communications technology<br>(ICT) skills, by type of skill<br>Who have copied or moved a<br>file or folder | Qualifier | Proportion of youth and adults with<br>information and communications<br>technology (ICT) skills, by type of<br>skill<br>Who have connected and installed<br>new devices | Qualifier | Proportion of youth and adults<br>with information and<br>communications technology<br>(ICT) skills, by type of skill<br>Who have created electronic<br>presentations with presentation<br>software | Qualifier |  |  |  |  |  |
| Seychelles | yadult.porcentlCTskill.copi   |           | yadult.porcentICTskill.connec  |           | yadult.porcentlCTskill.creat  |           |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2010       | m   |           | m  |           | m   |           |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2011       | m   |           | m  |           | m   |           |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2012       | m   |           | m  |           | m   |           |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2013       | m m m   |           |  |           |   |           |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2014       | m m m   |           |  |           |   |           |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2015       | m m m   |           |  |           |   |           |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2016       | m   |           | m  |           | m   |           |  |  |  |  |  |

Sources: Eurostat and ITU

Legend

- m : data not reported / not deemed publishable 0 : nil or negligible









# 4.5.1 Parity indices (female/male, rural/urban, bottom/top wealth quintiles and others such as disability status, indigenous peoples and conflict-affected, as data become available) for all education indicators on this list that can be disaggregated

### **Definition:**

Parity indices require data for the specific groups of interest. They represent the ratio of the indicator value for one group to that of the other. Typically, the likely more disadvantaged group is the numerator. A value of exactly 1 indicates parity between the two groups.

### **Purpose:**

To measure the general level of disparity between two sub-populations of interest with regard to a given indicator.

Additional information http://sdg4monitoring.uis.unesco.org http://tellmaps.com/sdg4/#!/topic/TARGETS

| LANDRES CAR       | Target 4.5 By 2030, eliminate gender disparities in education and ensure equal access to all levels of education and vocational training for the vulnerable, including persons with disabilities, indigenous peoples and children in vulnerable situations |  |  |      |  |       |   |  |   |       |  |        |
|-------------------|--|--|--|------|--|-------|---|--|---|-------|--|--------|
|                   |  |  |  |      | SE   | G4    | 4 4.5.1   |  |   |       |  |        |
| Year              | Proportion of children and<br>young people (a) in grades 2/3<br>of primary education<br>achieving at least a minimum<br>proficiency level in (i) reading<br>Parity Index (Girls/Boys)  |  | Proportion of children and<br>young people (b) at the end of<br>primary education achieving<br>at least a minimum proficiency<br>level in (i) reading<br>Parity Index (Girls/Boys) | urce | Proportion of children and<br>young people (c) at the end of<br>lower secondary education<br>achieving at least a minimum<br>proficiency level in (i) reading<br>Parity Index (Girls/Boys) | ource | Proportion of children and<br>young people (a) in grades 2/3<br>of primary education<br>achieving at least a minimum<br>proficiency level in (ii)<br>mathematics<br>Parity Index (Girls/Boys) |  | Proportion of children and<br>young people (b) at the end of<br>primary education achieving<br>at least a minimum proficiency<br>level in (ii) mathematics<br>Parity Index (Girls/Boys) | ource | Proportion of children and<br>young people (c) at the end of<br>lower secondary education<br>achieving at least a minimum<br>proficiency level in (ii)<br>mathematics<br>Parity Index (Girls/Boys) | Courso |
| Seychelles        |  |  |  |      |  |       |   |  |   |       |  |        |
| 2010              | m  |  | 0.86   | 4    | m  |       | m   |  | 0.87  | 4     | m  |        |
| 2011              | m  |  | m  |      | m  |       | m   |  | m   |       | m  |        |
| 2012              | m  |  | m  |      | m  |       | m   |  | m   |       | m  |        |
| 2013<br>2014      | m  |  | m  |      | m  |       | m   |  | m   |       | m  |        |
|                   | m  |  | m  |      | m  |       | m   |  | m   |       | m  |        |
| 2015 <sup>3</sup> | m  |  | m  |      | m  |       | m   |  | m   |       | m  |        |
| 2015 <sup>6</sup> | m  |  | m  |      | m  |       | m   |  | m   |       | m  |        |

Sources: The sources for these indexes are the same as for those indicators that compose the indexes. ERCE<sup>5</sup>, PASEC<sup>1</sup>, PIRLS<sup>2</sup>, PISA<sup>3</sup>, SACMEQ<sup>4</sup> and TIMSS<sup>6</sup>

| SeychellesMMMMNN  |            | Proportion of children and<br>young people (a) in grades 2/3<br>of primary education<br>achieving at least a minimum<br>proficiency level in (i) reading<br>Parity Index (Students of rural<br>school/Students of urban<br>school) | urce | Proportion of children and<br>young people (a) in grades 2/3<br>of primary education<br>achieving at least a minimum<br>proficiency level in (i) reading<br>Parity Index (Low socio-<br>economic status / High socio-<br>economic status) | Source | Proportion of children and<br>young people (b) at the end of<br>primary education achieving<br>at least a minimum proficiency<br>level in (i) reading<br>Parity Index (Students of rural<br>school/Students of urban<br>school) | urce | Proportion of children and<br>young people (b) at the end of<br>primary education achieving<br>at least a minimum proficiency<br>level in (i) reading<br>Parity Index (Low socio-<br>economic status / High socio-<br>economic status) | urce | Proportion of children and<br>young people (c) at the end of<br>lower secondary education<br>achieving at least a minimum<br>proficiency level in (i) reading<br>Parity Index (Students of rural<br>school/Students of urban<br>school) | Proportion of children and<br>young people (c) at the end of<br>lower secondary education<br>achieving at least a minimum<br>proficiency level in (i) reading<br>Parity Index (Low socio-<br>economic status / High socio-<br>economic status) |
|---|------------|--|------|---|--------|---|------|--|------|---|--|
| 2011         m         m         m         m         m         m           2012         m         m         m         m         m         m         m           2013         m         m         m         m         m         m         m           2014         m         m         m         m         m         m         m | Seychelles |  |      |   |        |   |      |  |      |   |  |
| 2012         m         m         m         m         m         m           2013         m         m         m         m         m         m         m           2014         m         m         m         m         m         m         m  | 2010       | m  |      | m   |        | 0.99  | 4    | 0.79   | 4    | m   | m  |
| 2013         m         m         m         m         m         m           2014         m         m         m         m         m         m         m   |            |  |      |   |        |   |      | m  |      | m   |  |
| 2014 m m m m m m m  |            |  |      |   |        |   |      |  |      |   |  |
|   |            |  |      |   |        |   |      |  |      |   |  |
| 2013 m m m m m m m m m m m m m m m m m m m  |            |  |      |   |        |   |      |  |      |   |  |
| 2016 m m m m m m m m  |            |  |      |   |        |   |      |  |      |   |  |

Sources: The sources for these indexes are the same as for those indicators that compose the indexes. ERCE<sup>5</sup>, PASEC<sup>1</sup>, PIRLS<sup>2</sup>, PISA<sup>3</sup>, SACMEQ<sup>4</sup> and TIMSS<sup>6</sup>

| Year       | young people (a) in grades 2/3 | Jalifier | Proportion of children and<br>young people (a) in grades 2/3<br>of primary education<br>achieving at least a minimum<br>proficiency level in (ii)<br>mathematics<br>Parity Index (Low socio-<br>economic status / High socio-<br>economic status) |   | Proportion of children and<br>young people (b) at the end of<br>primary education achieving<br>at least a minimum proficiency<br>level in (ii) mathematics<br>Parity Index (Students of rural<br>school/Students of urban<br>school) | Jalifier |      | lalifier | Proportion of children and<br>young people (c) at the end of<br>lower secondary education<br>achieving at least a minimum<br>proficiency level in (ii)<br>mathematics<br>Parity Index (Students of rural<br>school/Students of urban<br>school) | Jalifier | Proportion of children and<br>young people (c) at the end of<br>lower secondary education<br>achieving at least a minimum<br>proficiency level in (ii)<br>mathematics<br>Parity Index (Low socio-<br>economic status / High socio-<br>economic status) | Qualifier |
|------------|--------------------------------|----------|---|---|--|----------|------|----------|---|----------|--|-----------|
| Seychelles |                                |          |   |   |  |          |      |          |   |          |  |           |
| 2010       | m                              |          | m   |   | 1.00   | 4        | 0.74 | 4        | m   |          | m  |           |
| 2011       | m                              |          | m   |   | m  |          | m    |          | m   |          | m  |           |
| 2012       | m                              |          | m   |   | m  |          | m    |          | m   |          | m  |           |
| 2013       | m                              |          | m   |   | m  |          | m    |          | m   |          | m  |           |
| 2014       | m                              |          | m   |   | m  |          | m    |          | m   |          | m  |           |
| 2015       | m                              |          | m   |   | m  |          | m    |          | m   |          | m  |           |
| 2016       | m                              |          | m   | 1 | m  |          | m    |          | m   | 1        | m  |           |

2016 m m m m m m m m Sources: The sources for these indexes are the same as for those indicators that compose the indexes. ERCE<sup>5</sup>, PASEC<sup>1</sup>, PIRLS<sup>2</sup>, PISA<sup>3</sup>, SACMEQ<sup>4</sup> and TIMSS<sup>6</sup>

| Year       | Percentage of population in a<br>given age group achieving at<br>least a fixed level of<br>proficiency in functional (a)<br>literacy by sex<br>Gender Parity Index | Percentage of population in a given age group achieving at given age group achieving at least a fixed level of proficiency in functional (a) literacy by sex<br>Geographic Location Parity Index | Percentage of population in a<br>given age group achieving at<br>least a fixed level of<br>proficiency in functional (a)<br>literacy by sex<br>Parity Index (Low Socio-<br>Economic Status/High Socio-<br>Economic Status) | O Percentage of population in a<br>given age group achieving at<br>least a fixed level of<br>proficiency in functional (b)<br>numeracy skills by sex<br>Gender Parity Index | Percentage of population in a<br>given age group achieving at<br>least a fixed level of<br>proficiency in functional (b)<br>numeracy skills by sex<br>Parity Index (Low Socio-<br>Economic Status/High Socio-<br>Economic Status) | O Percentage of population in a given age group achieving at least af fixed level of proficiency in functional (b) numeracy skills by sex<br>Geographic Location Parity Index |
|------------|--|--|--|---|---|---|
| Seychelles | yadult.profiliteracy.sex   | yadult.profiliteracy.loc   | yadult.profiliteracy.sta   | yadult.profinumeracy.sex  | yadult.profinumeracy.sta  | yadult.profinumeracy.loc  |
| 2010       | m  | m  | m  | m   | m   | m   |
| 2011       | m  | m  | m  | m   | m   | m   |
| 2012       | m  | m  | m  | m   | m   | m   |
| 2013       | m  | m  | m  | m   | m   | m   |
| 2014       | m  | m  | m  | m   | m   | m   |
| 2015       | m  | m  | m  | m   | m   | m   |
| 2016       | m  | m  | m  | m   | m   | m   |

| Year       | Percentage of teachers who<br>are trained<br>Pre-primary<br>Gender Parity Index | Percentage of teachers who<br>are trained<br>Primary<br>Gender Parity Index | alifier | Percentage of teachers who<br>are trained<br>Total secondary<br>Gender Parity Index | Participation rate in organized<br>learning (one year before the<br>official primary entry age)<br>Gender Parity Index | Qualifier |
|------------|---|---|---------|---|--|-----------|
| Seychelles | TRTP.02.GPI   | TRTP.1.GPI  |         | TRTP.2t3.GPI  |  |           |
| 2010       | m   | m   |         | m   | 1.02   |           |
| 2011       | m   | m   |         | m   | 0.96   |           |
| 2012       | m   | m   |         | m   | m  |           |
| 2013       | m   | m   |         | m   | 1.08   |           |
| 2014       | m   | m   |         | m   | 0.95   |           |
| 2015       | m   | 1.09  |         | 1.00  | 1.07   |           |
| 2016       | m   | m   |         | m   | m  |           |

Source: UIS

Legend \* : National estimation \*\* : UIS estimation m : data not reported / not deemed publishable z : category not applicable 0 : nil or negligible









# 4.6.1 Percentage of population in a given age group achieving at least a fixed level of proficiency in functional (a) literacy and (b) numeracy skills, by sex

### Definition:

Percentage of youth (aged 15-24 years) and of adults (aged 15 years and above) have achieved or exceeded a given level of proficiency in (a) literacy and (b) numeracy. The minimum proficiency level will be measured relative to new common literacy and numeracy scales currently in development.

The *fixed level of proficiency* is the benchmark of basic knowledge in a domain (literacy or numeracy) measured through learning assessments. Currently, there are no common standards validated by the international community or countries. The indicator shows data published by each of the agencies and organizations specialised in cross-national learning assessments.

### **Purpose:**

The indicator is a direct measure of the skill levels of youth and adults in the two areas: literacy and numeracy.

|            | Target 4.6 By 2030, ensure that all youth and a substantial proportion of adults, both men and women, achieve literacy and numeracy         |   |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|------------|---|---|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
|            | SDG4 4.6.1  |   |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Year       | Percentage of population in a<br>given age group achieving at<br>least a fixed level of<br>proficiency in functional (a)<br>literacy by sex | 5 | Percentage of population in a<br>given age group achieving at<br>least a fixed level of<br>proficiency in functional (b)<br>numeracy skills, by sex |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Couchelles | MF  |   | MF  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Seychelles | yadult.profiliteracy  |   | yadult.profinumeracy  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2010       | m   |   | m   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2011       | m   |   | m   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2012       | m   |   | m   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2013       | m   |   | m   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2014       | m   |   | m   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2015       | m   |   | m   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2016       | m   |   | m   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Sources: PIAAC, STEP

Legend

m : data not reported / not deemed publishable 0 : nil or negligible









# 4.7.1 Extent to which (i) global citizenship education and (ii) education for sustainable development, including gender equality and human rights, are mainstreamed at all levels in: (a) national education policies (b) curricula (c) teacher education and (d) student assessments.

### - Definition:

- Extent to which countries mainstream global citizenship education (GCED) and education for sustainable development (ESD), including climate change education, human rights and gender equality, in their education systems, specifically in policies, curricula, teacher education and student assessment.
- It seeks to measure the quantity and quality of country inputs as well as whether the quality of GCED and ESD provision is adequate to fulfil their transformational potential.
- Education for Sustainable Development (ESD): empowers learners to take informed decisions and responsible actions for environmental integrity, economic viability and a just society, for present and future generations, while respecting cultural diversity. It is about lifelong learning, and is an integral part of quality education.
- Global Citizenship Education (GCED): nurtures respect for all, building a sense of belonging to a common humanity and helping learners become responsible and active global citizens. GCED aims to empower learners to assume active roles to face and resolve global challenges and to become proactive contributors to a more peaceful, tolerant, inclusive and secure world.

### - Purpose:

The indicator provides important information on the level of national commitment towards the attainment of this target (for example whether political will/decisions and resources available have been translated into concrete policies, curricula, assessment) as well as the quality of the programmes provided, can predict the likelihood that desired student outcomes will be achieved. This indicator can be complemented by other thematic indicators on GCED and ESD that UNESCO proposes, which seek to assess learning outcomes more directly in the cognitive, socio-emotional and behavioural domains. The indicator could be used to assess inputs to formal as well as non-formal education systems.

Additional information http://sdg4monitoring.uis.unesco.org http://tellmaps.com/sdg4/#!/topic/TARGETS

| ERCATED NOR SUSTAINABLE<br>PERCENTION FOR SUSTAINABLE<br>PERCENTION FOR SUSTAINABLE<br>PERCENTION AND RADER LOTTERS OF | Target 4.7 By 2030, ensure all learners acquire knowledge and skills<br>needed to promote sustainable development, including among others<br>through education for sustainable development and sustainable<br>lifestyles, human rights, gender equality, promotion of a culture of pe<br>and non-violence, global citizenship, and appreciation of cultural<br>diversity and of culture's contribution to sustainable development |           |
|--|---|-----------|
|  | SDG4 4.7.1  |           |
| Year   | Extent to which (i) global citizenship education and (ii)<br>education for sustainable development, including gender<br>equality and human rights, are mainstreamed at all levels in:<br>(a) national education policies, (b) curricula, (c) teacher<br>education and (d) student assessment  | Qualifier |
| Seychelles   | §§  |           |
| 2010   | m   |           |
| 2011   | m   |           |
| 2012   | m   |           |
| 2013   | m   |           |
| 2014   | m   |           |
| 2015   | m   |           |
| 2016   | m   |           |

Source:

§§ : Please note that this indicator is still in development and will not be available until the end of 2017.





## SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT GOAL 4

**TARGET 4.a** 





- 4.a.1 Proportion of schools with access to: (a) electricity; (b) the Internet for pedagogical purposes; (c) computers for pedagogical purposes; (d) adapted infrastructure and materials for students with disabilities; (e) basic drinking water; (f) single-sex basic sanitation facilities; and (g) basic handwashing facilities (as per the WASH indicator definitions)
  - Definition:
- Percentage of schools by level of education (primary, lower secondary and upper secondary education) with access to the given facility or service.
- Electricity: Regularly and readily available sources of power (e.g. grid/mains connection, wind, water, solar and fuel-powered generator, etc.) that enable the adequate and sustainable use of ICT infrastructure for educational purposes.
- Internet for pedagogical purposes: Internet that is available for enhancing teaching and learning and is accessible by pupils. Internet is defined as a worldwide interconnected computer network, which provides pupils access to a number of communication services including the World Wide Web and carries e-mail, news, entertainment and data files, irrespective of the device used (i.e. not assumed to be only via a computer) and thus can also be accessed by mobile telephone, tablet, PDA, games machine, digital TV etc.). Access can be via a fixed narrowband, fixed broadband, or via mobile network.
- Computers for pedagogical use: Use of computers to support course delivery or independent teaching and learning needs. This may include activities using computers or the Internet to meet information needs for research purposes; develop presentations; perform hands-on exercises and experiments; share information; and participate in online discussion forums for educational purposes. A computer is a programmable electronic device that can store, retrieve and process data, as well as share information in a highly-structured manner. It performs high-speed mathematical or logical operations according to a set of instructions or algorithms. Computers include the following types:
- A desktop computer usually remains fixed in one place; normally the user is placed in front of it, behind the keyboard;
- A laptop computer is small enough to carry and usually enables the same tasks as a desktop computer; it includes notebooks and netbooks but does not include tablets and similar handheld devices; and
- A tablet (or similar handheld computer) is a computer that is integrated into a flat touch screen, operated by touching the screen rather than using a physical keyboard.
- Adapted infrastructure is defined as any built environment related to education facilities that are accessible to all users, including those with different types of disability, to be able to gain access to use and exit from them. Accessibility includes ease of independent approach, entry, evacuation and/or use of a building and its services and facilities (such as water and sanitation), by all of the building's potential users with an assurance of individual health, safety and welfare during the course of those activities.
- Adapted materials include learning materials and assistive products that enable students and teachers with disabilities/functioning limitations to access learning and to participate fully in the school environment. Accessible learning materials include textbooks, instructional materials, assessments and other materials that are available and provided in appropriate formats such as audio, braille, sign language and simplified formats that can be used by students and teachers with disabilities/functioning limitations.
- Basic drinking water is defined as a functional drinking water source (MDG 'improved' categories) on or near the premises and water points accessible to all users during school hours.
- Basic sanitation facilities are defined as functional sanitation facilities (MDG 'improved' categories) separated for males and females on
  or near the premises.
- Basic handwashing facilities are defined as functional handwashing facilities, with soap and water available to all girls and boys.

#### - Purpose:

The indicator measures access in schools to key basic services and facilities necessary to ensure a safe and effective learning environment for all students.

#### Additional information

http://sdg4monitoring.uis.unesco.org http://tellmaps.com/sdg4/#!/topic/TARGETS

| 1 | tainable Development Gasi |  |
|---|---------------------------|--|
|   | SCHOOL INFRASTRUCTURE     |  |
|   |                           |  |
|   |                           |  |

Target 4.a Build and upgrade education facilities that are child, disability and gender sensitive and provide safe, non-violent, inclusive and effective learning environments for all

|            |  | SDO  | G4 4.a.1          |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|------------|--|--|-------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Year       | Percentage of primary<br>schools with access<br>to: (a) electricity (%)<br>Primary | schools with access<br>to: (a) electricity (%) |                   | Qualifier<br>Percentage of upper<br>secondary schools<br>with access to: (a)<br>electricity (%)<br>Total secondary |  |  |  |  |  |
| Seychelles | SchBSP.1.Pu.Welec  | SchBSP.2.Pu.Welec                              | SchBSP.3.Pu.Welec | SchBSP.2t3.Pu.Welec  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2010       | m  | m  | m                 | m  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2011       | 100  | 100  | m                 | m  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2012       | 100  | 100  | m                 | m  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2013       | m  | m  | m                 | m  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2014       | 100  | 100  | m                 | m  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2015       | 100  | m  | m                 | m  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2016       | m  | m  | m                 | m  |  |  |  |  |  |

|            |  |  | SD                  | )G4                       | 4.a.1               |  |                           |  |           |
|------------|--|--|---------------------|---------------------------|---------------------|--|---------------------------|--|-----------|
| Year       | Proportion of schools<br>with access to: (b)<br>Internet for<br>pedagogical purposes;<br>Primary | roportion of schools with access to: (b) Internet for edagogical purposes; |                     | Internet for Internet for |                     | with access to: (b)<br>Internet for<br>pedagogical purposes; |                           | Proportion of schools<br>with access to: (b)<br>Internet for<br>pedagogical purposes;<br>Total secondary | Qualifier |
| Seychelles | SchBSP.1.Pu.Wintern  |  | SchBSP.2.Pu.Wintern |                           | SchBSP.3.Pu.Wintern |  | SchBSP.2t3.Pu.WInter<br>n |  |           |
| 2010       | m  |  | m                   |                           | m                   |  | m                         |  |           |
| 2011       | m  |  | m                   |                           | m                   |  | m                         |  |           |
| 2012       | m  |  | m                   | m                         |                     |  | m                         |  |           |
| 2013       | m  | m  |                     | m                         |                     |  | m                         |  |           |
| 2014       | m  | m  |                     | m                         |                     |  | m                         |  |           |
| 2015       | m  | n m  |                     |                           | m                   |  | m                         |  |           |
| 2016       | m  |  | m                   |                           | m                   |  | m                         |  |           |

|            |   |                       | SD  | G4 | 4.a.1   |           |   |           |
|------------|---|-----------------------|---|----|---|-----------|---|-----------|
| Year       | Proportion of schools<br>with access to: (c)<br>computers for<br>pedagogical purposes;<br>Primary | Qualifier             | Proportion of schools<br>with access to: (c)<br>computers for<br>pedagogical purposes;<br>Lower secondary | er | Proportion of schools<br>with access to: (c)<br>computers for<br>pedagogical purposes;<br>Upper secondary | Qualifier | Proportion of schools<br>with access to: (c)<br>computers for<br>pedagogical purposes;<br>Total secondary | Qualifier |
| Seychelles | SchBSP.1.Pu.Wcomput   | SchBSP.1.Pu.Wcomput S |   |    | SchBSP.3.Pu.Wcomput   |           | SchBSP.3.Pu.Wcomput   |           |
| 2010       | m   |                       | m   |    | m   |           | m   |           |
| 2011       | m   |                       | m   |    | m   |           | m   |           |
| 2012       | m   |                       | m   |    | m   |           | m   |           |
| 2013       | m   |                       | m   |    | m   | m         |   |           |
| 2014       | m   | m                     |   |    | m   |           | m   |           |
| 2015       | m   | m m                   |   |    | m   |           | m   |           |
| 2016       | m   |                       | m   |    | m   |           | m   |           |

|            |  |           | SD   | G4        | 4.a.1  |           |  |           |
|------------|--|-----------|--|-----------|--|-----------|--|-----------|
| Year       | Proportion of schools<br>with access to: (d)<br>adapted infrastructure<br>and materials for<br>students with<br>disabilities;<br>Primary | Qualifier | Proportion of schools<br>with access to: (d)<br>adapted infrastructure<br>and materials for<br>students with<br>disabilities;<br>Lower Secondary | Qualifier | Proportion of schools<br>with access to: (d)<br>adapted infrastructure<br>and materials for<br>students with<br>disabilities;<br>Upper Secondary | Qualifier | Proportion of schools<br>with access to: (d)<br>adapted infrastructure<br>and materials for<br>students with<br>disabilities;<br>Total Secondary | Qualifier |
| Seychelles | §§   |           | §§   |           | §§   |           | §§   |           |
| 2010       | m  |           | m  |           | m  |           | m  |           |
| 2011       | m  |           | m  |           | m  |           | m  |           |
| 2012       | m  | [         |  | a. •      |  |           | m  |           |
| 2013       | m  |           | §§ : Please note that  |           |  |           | m  |           |
| 2014       | m  |           | development and will not be available until the end of 2017.   |           |  |           | m  |           |
| 2015       | m  |           |  |           |  |           | m  |           |
| 2016       | m  |           | m  | m m       |  |           | m  |           |

|            |   |     | SD   | )G4       | 4.a.1  |     |  |           |  |
|------------|---|-----|--|-----------|--|-----|--|-----------|--|
| Year       | Percentage of primary<br>schools with access to<br>:(e) basic drinking<br>water (%) |     | Percentage of lower<br>secondary schools<br>with access to: (e)<br>basic drinking water<br>(%) | Qualifier | Percentage of upper<br>secondary schools<br>with access to: (e)<br>basic drinking water<br>(%) |     | Percentage of<br>secondary schools<br>with access to: (e)<br>basic drinking water<br>(%) | Qualifier |  |
| Seychelles | SchBSP.1.Pu.WPoWat  |     | SchBSP.2.Pu.WPoWat   |           | SchBSP.3.Pu.WPoWat   |     | SchBSP.2t3.Pu.WPoW<br>at   |           |  |
| 2010       | m   |     | m  |           | m  |     | m  |           |  |
| 2011       | 100   |     | 100  |           | m  |     | m  |           |  |
| 2012       | 100   |     | 100  |           | m  |     | m  |           |  |
| 2013       | m   |     | m  |           | m  |     | m  |           |  |
| 2014       | 100   |     | 100  |           | m  |     | m  |           |  |
| 2015       | 100   | 100 |  | m         |  | m m |  | m         |  |
| 2016       | m   |     | m  |           | m  |     | m  |           |  |

|            |  | SD  | G4 4.a.1           |   |
|------------|--|---|--------------------|---|
| Year       | Percentage of primary<br>schools with :(f) single-<br>sex basic sanitation<br>facilities (%) | chools with :(f) single-<br>sex basic sanitation basic sanitation |                    | Qualifier<br>Percentage of<br>secondary schools<br>with :(f) single-sex<br>basic sanitation<br>facilities (%) |
| Seychelles | SchBSP.1.Pu.WSToil   | SchBSP.2.Pu.WSToil  | SchBSP.3.Pu.WSToil | SchBSP.2t3.Pu.WSToil  |
| 2009       | m  | m   | m                  | m   |
| 2010       | m  | m   | m                  | m   |
| 2011       | 100  | 100   | m                  | m   |
| 2012       | 100  | 100   | m                  | m   |
| 2013       | m  | m   | m                  | m   |
| 2014       | 100  | 100   | m                  | m   |
| 2015       | 100  | m   | m                  | m   |
| 2016       | m  | m   | m                  | m   |

|            |   |           | SD  | G4        | 4.a.1   |           |   |  |
|------------|---|-----------|---|-----------|---|-----------|---|--|
| Year       | Primary school with<br>:(g) basic handwashing<br>facilities (as per the<br>WASH indicator<br>definitions) | Qualifier | Lower secondary<br>school with :(g) basic<br>handwashing facilities<br>(as per the WASH<br>indicator definitions) | Qualifier | Upper secondary<br>school with :(g) basic<br>handwashing facilities<br>(as per the WASH<br>indicator definitions) | Qualifier | Secondary school with<br>:(g) basic handwashing<br>facilities (as per the<br>WASH indicator<br>definitions) |  |
| Seychelles | SchBSP.1.Pu.WHF   |           | SchBSP.2.Pu.WHF   |           | SchBSP.3.Pu.WHF   |           | SchBSP.2t3.Pu.WHF   |  |
| 2010       | m   |           | m   |           | m   |           | m   |  |
| 2011       | m   |           | m   |           | m   |           | m   |  |
| 2012       | m   |           | m   |           | m   |           | m   |  |
| 2013       | m   |           | m   |           | m   |           | m   |  |
| 2014       | m   |           | m   |           | m   |           | m   |  |
| 2015       | 100   |           | m   |           | m   |           | m   |  |
| 2016       | m   |           | m   |           | m   |           | m   |  |

Source: UIS

# Legend

\* : National estimation \*\* : UIS estimation

m : data not reported / not deemed publishable
z : category not applicable
0 : nil or negligible





## SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT GOAL 4

TARGET 4.b





# 4.b.1 Volume of official development assistance flows for scholarships by sector and type of study

### **Definition:**

Total net official development assistance (ODA) for scholarships in donor countries (types of aid E01). Data expressed in US dollars at the average annual exchange rate.

## **Purpose:**

ODA is the accepted measure of international development co-operation. The data thus cover official international assistance to provide education places for developing country nationals in donor country educational institutions.

Additional information http://sdg4monitoring.uis.unesco.org http://tellmaps.com/sdg4/#!/topic/TARGETS

| Substitutuble Development Gest | Target 4.b By 2020, substantially expand globally the num<br>of scholarships available to developing countries, in parti<br>least developed countries, small island developing States<br>African countries, for enrolment in higher education, inclu<br>vocational training, information and communications<br>technology, technical, engineering and scientific program<br>in developed countries and other developing countries | cular<br>and<br>Iding |
|--------------------------------|---|-----------------------|
|                                | SDG4 4.b.1  |                       |
| Year                           | Volume of official development assistance flows for<br>scholarships by sector and type of study<br>(Constant Prices - 2014 USD)   | Qualifier             |
| Seychelles                     | odaflow.volumescholarship   |                       |
| 2010                           | 328658  |                       |
| 2011                           | 738112  |                       |
| 2012                           | 730572  |                       |
| 2013                           | 1272428   |                       |
| 2014                           | 720733  |                       |
| 2015                           | m   |                       |
| 2016                           | m   |                       |
| 2017                           | m   |                       |

Sources: Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD)

Legend

- m : data not reported / not deemed publishable 0 : nil or negligible





## SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT GOAL 4

TARGET 4.c





4.c.1 Proportion of teachers in: (a) pre-primary education; (b) primary education; (c) lower secondary education; and (d) upper secondary education who have received at least the minimum organized teacher training (e.g. pedagogical training) pre-service or in-service required for teaching at the relevant level in a given country, by sex

## **Definition:**

Percentage of teachers by level of education taught (pre-primary, primary, lower secondary and upper secondary education) who have received at least the minimum organized pedagogical teacher training pre-service and in-service required for teaching at the relevant level in a given country. Ideally the indicator should be calculated separately for public and private institutions.

#### Purpose:

Teachers play a key role in ensuring the quality of education provided. Ideally all teachers should receive adequate, appropriate and relevant pedagogical training to teach at the chosen level of education and be academically well-qualified in the subject(s) they are expected to teach. This indicator measures the share of the teaching work force which is pedagogically well-trained.

Additional information http://sdg4monitoring.uis.unesco.org http://tellmaps.com/sdg4/#!/topic/TARGETS

|            | qualified teacher<br>cooperation for<br>especially least | Target 4.c By 2030, substantially increase the supply of<br>qualified teachers, including through international<br>cooperation for teacher training in developing countries,<br>especially least developed countries and small island<br>developing States |   |           |   |           |  |  |  |  |  |
|------------|--|--|---|-----------|---|-----------|--|--|--|--|--|
|            |  |  | SDG4 4.c.1  |           |   |           |  |  |  |  |  |
| Year       | Percentage of trained teachers, Pre-primary              |  | Percentage of trained<br>teachers, Pre-<br>primary, | Qualifier | Percentage of trained<br>teachers, Pre-<br>primary, | Qualifier |  |  |  |  |  |
|            | MF   |  | м   |           | F   |           |  |  |  |  |  |
| Seychelles | TRTP.02  |  | TRTP.02.M   |           | TRTP.02.F   |           |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2010       | m  | _  | m   | _         | m   | -         |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2011       | 73.7   |  | Z   |           | 73.7  |           |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2012       | 54.2   | **   | m   |           | 49.3  | **        |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2013       | m  |  | m   |           | m   |           |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2014       | m  |  | m   |           | m   |           |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2015       | 81.2   |  | Z   |           | 81.2  |           |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2016       | m  |  | m   |           | m   |           |  |  |  |  |  |

|            |  |           | SDG4 4.c.1                                       |           |  |           |  |
|------------|--|-----------|--|-----------|--|-----------|--|
| Year       | Percentage of trained<br>teachers, Primary<br>MF | Qualifier | Percentage of trained<br>teachers, Primary,<br>M | Qualifier | Percentage of trained<br>teachers, Primary,<br>F | Qualifier |  |
| Seychelles | TRTP.1   |           | TRTP.1.M   |           | TRTP.1.F   |           |  |
| 2010       | m  |           | m  |           | m  |           |  |
| 2011       | 86.7   |           | m  |           | m  |           |  |
| 2012       | m  |           | m  |           | m  |           |  |
| 2013       | m  |           | m  |           | m  |           |  |
| 2014       | m  |           | m  |           | m  |           |  |
| 2015       | 83.6   |           | 77.6   |           | 84.4   |           |  |
| 2016       | m  |           | m  |           | m  |           |  |

|            | SDG4 4.c.1  |           |   |           |   |           |  |
|------------|---|-----------|---|-----------|---|-----------|--|
| Year       | Percentage of trained<br>teachers, Lower<br>secondary<br>MF | Qualifier | Percentage of trained<br>teachers, Lower<br>secondary,<br>M | Qualifier | Percentage of trained<br>teachers, Lower<br>secondary,<br>F | Qualifier |  |
| Seychelles | TRTP.2  |           | TRTP.2.M  |           | TRTP.2.F  |           |  |
| 2010       | m   |           | m   |           | m   |           |  |
| 2011       | m   |           | m   |           | m   |           |  |
| 2012       | m   |           | m   |           | m   |           |  |
| 2013       | m   |           | m   |           | m   |           |  |
| 2014       | m   |           | m   |           | m   |           |  |
| 2015       | m   |           | m   |           | m   |           |  |
| 2016       | m   |           | m   |           | m   |           |  |

|            | SDG4 4.c.1  |           |   |           |   |           |  |
|------------|---|-----------|---|-----------|---|-----------|--|
| Year       | Percentage of trained<br>teachers, Upper<br>secondary<br>MF | Qualifier | Percentage of trained<br>teachers, Upper<br>secondary,<br>M | Qualifier | Percentage of trained<br>teachers, Upper<br>secondary,<br>F | Qualifier |  |
| Seychelles | TRTP.3  |           | TRTP.3.M  |           | TRTP.3.F  |           |  |
| 2010       | m   |           | m   |           | m   |           |  |
| 2011       | m   |           | m   |           | m   |           |  |
| 2012       | m   |           | m   |           | m   |           |  |
| 2013       | m   |           | m   |           | m   |           |  |
| 2014       | m   |           | m   |           | m   |           |  |
| 2015       | m   |           | m   |           | m   |           |  |
| 2016       | m   |           | m   |           | m   |           |  |

|            | SDG4 4.c.1  |           |   |           |   |           |  |
|------------|---|-----------|---|-----------|---|-----------|--|
| Year       | Percentage of trained<br>teachers, Total<br>secondary<br>MF | Qualifier | Percentage of trained<br>teachers, Total<br>secondary,<br>M | Qualifier | Percentage of trained<br>teachers, Total<br>secondary,<br>F | Qualifier |  |
| Seychelles | TRTP.2t3  |           | TRTP.2t3.M  |           | TRTP.2t3.F  |           |  |
| 2010       | m   |           | m   |           | m   |           |  |
| 2011       | m   |           | m   |           | m   |           |  |
| 2012       | m   |           | m   |           | m   |           |  |
| 2013       | m   |           | m   |           | m   |           |  |
| 2014       | m   |           | m   |           | m   |           |  |
| 2015       | 98.9  |           | 98.8  |           | 98.9  |           |  |
| 2016       | m   |           | m   |           | m   |           |  |

Source: UIS

# Legend

- \* : National estimation
- \*\* : UIS estimation
- m : data not reported / not deemed publishable
  z : category not applicable
  0 : nil or negligible