

SDG 4 – Country Profiles



# Gambia

SDG Region: Sub-Saharan Africa

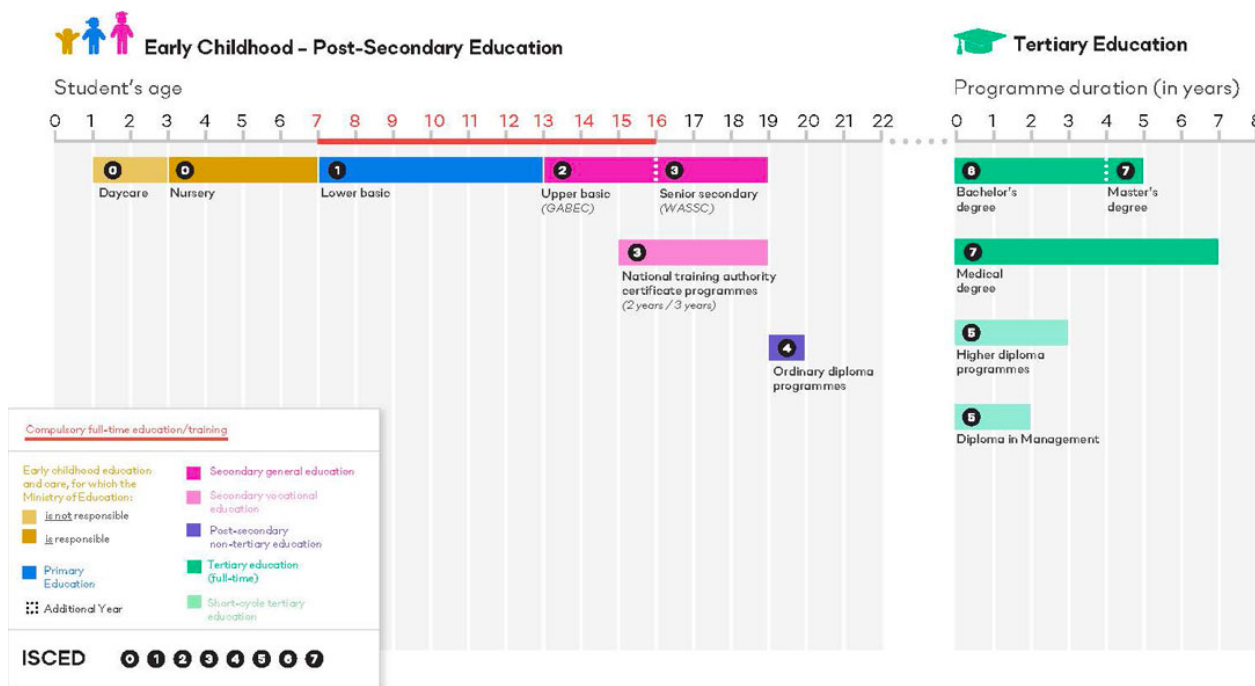
GNI per capita, PPP (2022) \$ 2470 - Low income (July 2023)  
 Poverty headcount ratio at \$3.65 a day (2020) 47 % (2011 PPP)  
 Population, total (2022) 2.7 millions

\* Key statistics from the World Bank. Flag from flagpedia.net



**International Standard Classification of Education (ISCED):**






These country diagrams provide a visual image of the structure of national education systems classified according to ISCED 2011. The diagrams are based on mappings provided by Member States that have been verified internally and approved by countries.



ISCED	Level	School age population
0	Early Childhood Education	403,854
01	Early Childhood Educational Development Programmes	82,607
02	Pre-Primary Education	321,247
1	Primary Education	448,955
	One Year Before Than Official Primary Entry Age	79,231
	Last Grade Of Primary Education	70,446
2	Lower Secondary Education	199,218
3	Upper Secondary Education	178,403
2T3	Secondary Education	377,621
4	Post-Secondary Non-Tertiary Education	171,105
5T8	Tertiary Education	253,745

The complete International Standard Classification of Education (ISCED) can be accessed at [ISCED website hosted by the UNESCO Institute for Statistics \(UIS\)](https://uis.unesco.org/en/isced).

## SDG Monitoring and Trends

This country profile presents the data available to monitor SDG 4 global indicators. Data points for Gambia are available for indicators 4.1, 4.b, 4.2, 1.a, Education 2030 FFA, 4.c, 4.3, and 4.a. The trends are calculated here as the difference between the mean annual growth rate before and after 2015, whenever at least three data points are available in each period. An up green arrow , indicates that there was a positive change from the first period to the second. A down red arrow , indicates if the change was negative. Differences of +/- 5% between the two periods are considered stable and marked with a right orange arrow . For out-of-school rates, a squared red arrow  points down when the situation is worsening (when rates go up) and a green squared arrow  points up when the situation is improving (when rates go down). The gray area and line in the miniplot show the average for Sub-Saharan Africa (SDG) in the period.

**SDG** **Target 1.a - By 2030, ensure significant mobilization of resources from a variety of sources, including through enhanced development cooperation, in order to provide adequate and predictable means for developing countries, in particular least developed countries, to implement programmes and policies to end poverty in all its dimensions**


### 1.a.2 Proportion of total government spending on essential services - education

	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	
Percentage of Government Expenditure	10.6	11.8	11	10.4	13.3	11.4	14.1	14.3	15.6	14.5	17.5	— 

This indicator finds no correlation with AU regional framework.

**SDG** **FFA - Education 2030 Framework for Action**


### Government expenditure on education as a percentage of GDP

	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	
Percentage of GDP	1.8	2.2	2.2	2	2.5	2.4	2.7	2.9	2.9	2.7	-	— 

This indicator finds no correlation with AU regional framework.

**SDG** **Target 4.1 - By 2030, ensure that all girls and boys complete free, equitable and quality primary and secondary education leading to relevant and effective learning outcomes**


### 4.1.1 Proportion of children and young people achieving at least a minimum proficiency level in mathematics, both sexes

	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	
Early grades (Grades 2 to 3)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	25.8	— 

This indicator can be used to monitor the AU regional framework:

– SO 4 : Ensure acquisition of requisite knowledge and skills as well as improved completion rates at all levels and groups through harmonization processes across all levels for national and regional integration – 4.5 : Proportion of children and young people (a) in grade 3; (b) at the end of primary education; and (c) at the end of lower secondary education achieving at least a minimum proficiency level in (i) reading (ii) mathematics and (iii) science, by sex7




### 4.1.1 Proportion of children and young people achieving at least a minimum proficiency level in reading, both sexes

	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	
Early grades (Grades 2 to 3)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	21.5	— 

This indicator can be used to monitor the AU regional framework:

– SO 4 : Ensure acquisition of requisite knowledge and skills as well as improved completion rates at all levels and groups through harmonization processes across all levels for national and regional integration – 4.5 : Proportion of children and young people (a) in grade 3; (b) at the end of primary education; and (c) at the end of lower secondary education achieving at least a minimum proficiency level in (i) reading (ii) mathematics and (iii) science, by sex7

### 4.1.2 - Completion rate, both sexes (%)

	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	
Primary Education	62.0	63.3	64.4	65.4	66.4	65.5	68.3	63.8	70.3	71.3	72.4	— 
Lower Secondary Education	48.3	46.1	47.2	48.3	49.4	45.8	51.7	48.6	53.7	54.7	55.7	— 
Upper Secondary Education	30.2	26.8	27.3	27.9	28.4	26.4	29.3	28.8	30.7	31.4	32.2	— 

This indicator finds no correlation with AU regional framework.

### 4.1.4 - Out-of-school rate

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	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Primary Education - Survey	26.9	-	-	-	-	18.5	-	18.5	-	-	-
Primary Education - Admin. Data	37.5	38.2	33.2	32.1	29.8	28.3	25.1	23.0	23.3	22.9	---
Lower Secondary Education - Survey	34.3	-	-	-	-	26.4	-	22.5	-	-	-
Lower Secondary Education - Admin. Data	34.1	35.8	34.0	33.9	32.4	28.8	28.3	26.7	25.4	24.1	19.6
Upper Secondary Education - Admin. Data	57.8	56.0	56.6	56.6	54.2	51.3	51.7	50.3	48.6	48.8	45.4
Upper Secondary Education - Survey	53.9	-	-	-	-	41.7	-	39.7	-	-	-

This indicator finds no correlation with AU regional framework.

### **SDG** Target 4.2 - By 2030, ensure that all girls and boys have access to quality early childhood development, care and pre-primary education so that they are ready for primary education

4.2.1 - Proportion of children aged 24-59 months who are developmentally on track in health, learning and psychosocial well-being, both sexes (%)

*There is no data for this indicator*

4.2.2 - Adjusted net enrolment rate, one year before the official primary entry age, both sexes (%)

	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
One Year Before Than Official Primary Entry Age	38.8	46.2	48	47.8	50.1	52	54.9	54.9	53.5	52.3	52.6

This indicator finds no correlation with AU regional framework.

4.2.2 - Adjusted net attendance rate, one year before the official primary entry age, both sexes (%)

	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
One Year Before Than Official Primary Entry Age	64.3	-	-	-	-	74.7	-	69.6	-	-	-

This indicator finds no correlation with AU regional framework.

### **SDG** Target 4.3 - By 2030, ensure equal access for all women and men to affordable and quality technical, vocational and tertiary education, including university

4.3.1 - Participation rate of youth and adults in formal and non-formal education and training in the previous 12 months, both sexes (%)

	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Population ages 25-64	-	-	-	-	-	2.4	-	-	-	-	2.6

This indicator finds no correlation with AU regional framework.

### **SDG** Target 4.4 - By 2030, substantially increase the number of youth and adults who have relevant skills, including technical and vocational skills, for employment, decent jobs and entrepreneurship

4.4.1 Proportion of youth and adults with information and communications technology (ICT) skills, by type of skill

*There is no data for this indicator*

### **SDG** Target 4.5 - By 2030, eliminate gender disparities in education and ensure equal access to all levels of education and vocational training for the vulnerable, including persons with disabilities, indigenous peoples and children in vulnerable situations

4.5.1 - Upper Secondary Adjusted Gender Parity Index

*There is no data for this indicator*

Gender gap in upper secondary completion rate

	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Upper Secondary Education	-5	-3.8	-3	-2.3	-1.5	-3.5	0.8	2.5	2.1	2.6	3.4

This indicator finds no correlation with AU regional framework.

**SDG** Target 4.6 - By 2030, ensure that all youth and a substantial proportion of adults, both men and women, achieve literacy and numeracy

4.6.1 - Proportion of population achieving at least a fixed level of proficiency in functional literacy skills, both sexes (%)

*There is no data for this indicator*

4.6.1 - Proportion of population achieving at least a fixed level of proficiency in functional numeracy skills, both sexes (%)

*There is no data for this indicator*

**SDG** Target 4.7 - By 2030, ensure that all learners acquire the knowledge and skills needed to promote sustainable development, including, among others, through education for sustainable development and sustainable lifestyles, human rights, gender equality, promotion of a culture of peace and nonviolence, global citizenship and appreciation of cultural diversity and of culture's contribution to sustainable development

4.7.1 - Extent to which (i) global citizenship education and (ii) education for sustainable development are mainstreamed in student assessment

*There is no data for this indicator*

4.7.1 - Extent to which (i) global citizenship education and (ii) education for sustainable development are mainstreamed in teacher education

*There is no data for this indicator*

4.7.1 - Extent to which (i) global citizenship education and (ii) education for sustainable development are mainstreamed in curricula

*There is no data for this indicator*

4.7.1 - Extent to which (i) global citizenship education and (ii) education for sustainable development are mainstreamed in national education policies

*There is no data for this indicator*

**SDG** Target 4.a - Build and upgrade education facilities that are child, disability and gender sensitive and provide safe, non-violent, inclusive and effective learning environments for all

4.a.1 - Proportion of schools with access to basic services

	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	
Computers for pedagogical purposes - Primary Education	-	14.6	16.9	18.5	-	21.0	21.2	21.9	22.5	-	-	-
Electricity - Primary Education	-	28.6	31.5	43.2	35.8	34.6	34.4	38.2	39.5	-	-	-
Single-sex basic sanitation facilities - Primary Education	-	73.4	75.1	82.9	82.9	84.2	80.1	79.5	82.9	-	-	-
Basic drinking water - Primary Education	-	76.2	76.6	80.0	83.7	83.9	83.9	86.0	85.7	-	-	-
Electricity - Lower Secondary Education	-	44.0	47.4	61.3	51.1	49.3	49.9	54.9	57.8	-	-	-
Computers for pedagogical purposes - Lower Secondary Education	-	34.2	36.6	36.4	-	37.9	39.2	38.8	40.8	-	-	-
Basic drinking water - Lower Secondary Education	-	85.5	88.4	90.0	89.7	85.4	87.4	86.1	86.8	-	-	-
Single-sex basic sanitation facilities - Lower Secondary Education	-	83.1	83.7	80.1	86.0	83.1	84.6	82.4	84.9	-	-	-
Computers for pedagogical purposes - Upper Secondary Education	-	59.7	61.4	60.6	-	61.4	60.2	58.7	56.8	-	-	-
Single-sex basic sanitation facilities - Upper Secondary Education	-	80.6	75.9	80.1	73.7	66.1	63.2	68.7	63.4	-	-	-
Electricity - Upper Secondary Education	-	63.4	68.3	74.4	69.0	58.2	60.2	59.7	66.7	-	-	-
Basic drinking water - Upper Secondary Education	-	84.3	88.3	89.4	90.1	72.0	63.3	70.6	65.7	-	-	-

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Computers for pedagogical purposes - Secondary (ISCED 2 to 3)	-	41.6	43.7	43.5	99.8	45.0	45.2	44.5	45.5	-	-	---	-
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This indicator can be used to monitor the AU regional framework:

- SO 2 : Build, rehabilitate, preserve education infrastructure and develop policies that ensure a permanent, healthy and conducive learning environment in all sub-sectors and for all, so as to expand access to quality education – SO 3 : Harness the capacity of ICT to improve access, quality and management of education and training systems – 2.1 : Proportion of schools with access to (i) basic drinking water; (ii) single sex basic sanitation facilities; and (iii) basic hand-washing facilities – 3.1 : Proportion of schools with access to (i) electricity (ii) the Internet for pedagogical purposes and (iii) computers for pedagogical purposes

**SDG** **Target 4.b - By 2020, substantially expand globally the number of scholarships available to developing countries, in particular least developed countries, small island developing States and African countries, for enrolment in higher education, including vocational training and information and communications technology, technical, engineering and scientific programmes, in developed countries and other developing countries**






4.b.1 - Volume of official development assistance flows for scholarships by sector and type of study, constant US\$ (millions)

	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023		
Volume of official development assistance flows (millions USD)	1.2	0.7	1.1	0.7	1.3	2.2	4.8	4.7	3.8	4.4	-	---	

This indicator finds no correlation with AU regional framework.

**SDG** **Target 4.c - By 2030, substantially increase the supply of qualified teachers, including through international cooperation for teacher training in developing countries, especially least developed countries and small island developing States**

4.c.1 - Proportion of teachers with the minimum required qualifications, both sexes (%)

	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023		
Primary Education	81.9	90.7	85.8	-	87.7	100	87.8	87.7	87.6	-	-	---	
Lower Secondary Education	87.4	93.6	90.5	-	94.2	100	95.3	71.5	68.5	-	-	---	
Upper Secondary Education	94.3	94.5	94.0	-	96.2	100	97.0	79.5	80.2	-	-	---	
Secondary (ISCED 2 to 3)	89.8	93.9	91.7	-	94.9	100	95.9	74.1	72.3	-	-	---	
Pre-primary	65.9	72.4	69.7	-	69.0	-	-	73.7	74.6	-	-	---	

This indicator can be used to monitor the AU regional framework:

- SO 1 : Revitalize the teaching profession to ensure quality and relevance at all levels of education – 1.1 : Percentage of teachers qualified to teach according to national standards

## National benchmarks for Gambia

Indicator	Baseline	Value 2025	Value 2030	Progress relative to benchmark	Progress relative to historical trends
<b>Target 4.1</b>					
4.1.1 - Mathematics in Grades 2/3	-	28.0	45.1		
4.1.1 - Reading in Grades 2/3	-	37.2	50.0		
4.1.1 - Mathematics at the end of primary	-	-	53.7		
4.1.1 - Reading at the end of primary	-	-	54.0		
4.1.1 - Mathematics at the end of lower secondary	-	-	-		
4.1.1 - Reading at the end of lower secondary	-	-	-		
4.1.2 - Completion rate in primary	62.0	89.0	90.0		
4.1.2 - Completion rate in lower secondary	48.3	67.0	69.0		
4.1.2 - Completion rate in upper secondary	30.2	47.0	48.0		
4.1.4 - Out-of-school rate in primary	33.2	12.0	10.0		
4.1.4 - Out-of-school rate in lower secondary	34.0	13.0	12.0		
4.1.4 - Out-of-school rate in upper secondary	56.6	20.0	17.0		
<b>Target 4.2</b>					
4.2.2 - Participation rate one year before primary	48.0	60.0	68.0		
<b>Target 4.a</b>					
4.a.1 - Schools with access to internet for pedagogical purposes - primary	-	10.0	12.5		
4.a.1 - Schools with access to internet for pedagogical purposes - lower secondary	-	22.5	25.0		
4.a.1 - Schools with access to internet for pedagogical purposes - upper secondary	-	35.0	38.5		
4.a.1 - Schools with access to internet for pedagogical purposes - secondary	-	28.8	31.0		
<b>Target 4.c</b>					
4.c.1 - Percentage of teachers with the minimum required qualifications - pre-primary	69.7	78.0	82.0		
4.c.1 - Percentage of teachers with the minimum required qualifications - primary	85.8	89.0	95.0		
4.c.1 - Percentage of teachers with the minimum required qualifications - lower secondary	90.5	93.0	97.0		
4.c.1 - Percentage of teachers with the minimum required qualifications - upper secondary	94.0	98.0	99.0		
<b>Target on Finance<sup>1</sup></b>					
1.a.2 Proportion of total government spending on essential services (education)	11.0	15.0	15.0		
FFA - Education expenditure as share of GDP	2.2	4.0	4.0		
<b>Target on Equity</b>					
Gender gap in upper secondary completion rate	-5.0	1.5	1.0		

<sup>1</sup> The Incheon Declaration and Framework for Action for the implementation of Sustainable Development Goal 4, paragraph 105, encourages countries to set nationally appropriate spending targets for education (i) allocating at least 4% to 6% of gross domestic product (GDP) to education; and/or (ii) allocating at least 15% to 20% of public expenditure to education.

## Legend for benchmark trends:

## Country classification of progress relative to national SDG 4 benchmarks

Category	Description
Fast progress	>75% probability that 2025 national benchmark will be achieved given the latest value (including countries which have already achieved the benchmark or are close to 100%)
Average progress	25-75% probability that 2025 national benchmark will be achieved given the latest value
Slow progress	<25% probability that 2025 national benchmarks will be achieved given the latest value
No progress	Negative progress
No benchmark	
No data for trend	
No data	

**Country classification of progress relative to feasible benchmarks**

Category	Description
Fast progress	>75% probability that 2025 feasible benchmark will be achieved given the latest value (including countries which have already achieved the benchmark or are close to 100%)
Average progress	25-75% probability that 2025 feasible benchmark will be achieved given the latest value
Slow progress	<25% probability that 2025 feasible benchmarks will be achieved given the latest value
No progress	Negative progress
No data for trend	
No data	

## SDG 4 - Gambia

Source: [UIS/TCG Data Resources](#). [Click here for Metadata and Methodological Documents](#)