



SDG 4 - Country Profiles



SDG Region: Latin America and the Caribbean

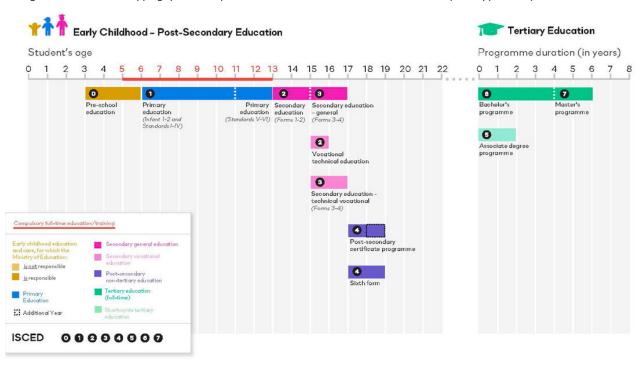
GNI per capita, PPP (2022) \$ 10900 - Middle income (July 2023)

Population, total (2022) 0.4 millions



International Standard Classification of Education (ISCED):

These country diagrams provide a visual image of the structure of national education systems classified according to ISCED 2011. The diagrams are based on mappings provided by Member States that have been verified internally and approved by countries.



ISCED	Level	School age population
0	Early Childhood Education	15,213
02	Pre-Primary Education	15,213
1	Primary Education	46,133
	One Year Before Than Official Primary Entry Age	7,946
	Last Grade Of Primary Education	7,482
2	Lower Secondary Education	29,571
3	Upper Secondary Education	15,334
2T3	Secondary Education	44,905
4	Post-Secondary Non-Tertiary Education	15,574
5T8	Tertiary Education	39,251

The complete International Standard Classification of Education (ISCED) can be accessed at ISCED website hosted by the UNESCO Institute for Statistics (UIS).

^{*} Key statistics from the World Bank. Flag from flagpedia.net

SDG Monitoring and Trends

This country profile presents the data available to monitor SDG 4 global indicators. Data points for Belize are available for indicators 4.b, 4.2, 4.a, 4.1, 4.c, Education 2030 FFA, 1.a, and 4.3. The trends are calculated here as the difference between the mean annual growth rate before and after 2015, whenever at least three data points are available in each period. An up green arrow •, indicates that there was a positive change from the first period to the second. A down red arrow • indicates if the change was negative. Differences of +/-5% between the two periods are considered stable and marked with a right orange arrow •. For out-of-school rates, a squared red arrow points down when the situation is worsening (when rates go up) and a green squared arrow points up when the situation is improving (when rates go down). The gray area and line in the miniplot show the average for Latin America and the Caribbean (SDG) in the period.



Target 1.a - By 2030, ensure significant mobilization of resources from a variety of sources, including through enhanced development cooperation, in order to provide adequate and predictable means for developing countries, in particular least developed countries, to implement programmes and policies to end poverty in all its dimensions

1.a.2 Proportion of total government spending on essential services - education

	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	
Percentage of Government	23.1	21.6	21.4	20.5	21.5	22.1	22.2	19	10	17.8	100	6
Expenditure	23.1	21.0	21.0	20.5	21.5	22.1	22.2	17	10	17.0	10.7	

This indicator finds no correlation with CARICOM SICA regional framework.



FFA - Education 2030 Framework for Action

Government expenditure on education as a percentage of GDP

	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	
Percentage of GDP	5.1	5.1	5.4	5.7	5.9	6.1	5.9	5.2	5.9	4.5	5	(2)

This indicator finds no correlation with CARICOM SICA regional framework.



Target 4.1 - By 2030, ensure that all girls and boys complete free, equitable and quality primary and secondary education leading to relevant and effective learning outcomes

4.1.1 Proportion of children and young people achieving at least a minimum proficiency level in mathematics, both sexes

There is no data for this indicator

4.1.1 Proportion of children and young people achieving at least a minimum proficiency level in reading, both sexes

There is no data for this indicator

4.1.2 - Completion rate, both sexes (%)

	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023		
Primary Education	-	-	96.2	96.2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-
Lower Secondary Education	-	-	61.0	61.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	****	-
Upper Secondary Education	-	-	42.9	49.4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-

This indicator can be used to monitor the CARICOM regional framework:

—ACCESS and PARTICIPATION - Outcome 1: Broadened and deepened access and participation in all HRD sectors - BASIC EDUCATION 1.1. Provide This indicator can be used to monitor the SICA regional framework:

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4.1.4 - Out-of-school rate

	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023		
Primary Education - Admin. Data	0.1	0.5	0.4	0.5	0.2	0.4	0.9	0.6	5.9	9.5	-	* And Age Addr	▼
Primary Education - Survey	-	-	-	3.3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-
Lower Secondary Education - Admin. Data	9.3	9.7	10.6	11.4	10.0	9.1	9.4	15.1	3.8	5.8	-		D
Lower Secondary Education - Survey	-	-	-	9.7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-
Upper Secondary Education - Admin. Data	40.8	41.5	38.4	28.0	36.1	35.2	34.9	29.9	24.5	28.7	-		D
Upper Secondary Education - Survey	-	-	-	33.2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	**********	-

This indicator can be used to monitor the CARICOM regional framework:

— ACLESS and PARTICIPATION — Outcome 1: Broadened and deepened access and participation in all HRD sectors – BASIC EDUCATION 1.1. Provide This indicator can be used to monitor the SICA regional framework:

— The provide the sector of the sical regional framework access for enrolment and completion in BE – SO 3. The two-year post-basic education will be a strategic education extension to offer the adolescents of the member countries of the SICA both extending their academic training as well as the knowledge and skills related with employment and dignified survival of the person and family. — Goal 3.1 By 2030, ensure that all the adolescents have full secondary education, free, equitable and of quality that produces pertinent and effective learning results (SDG4 Goal 4.1).

Target 4.2 - By 2030, ensure that all girls and boys have access to quality early childhood development, care and pre-primary education so that they are ready for primary education

4.2.1 - Proportion of children aged 24-59 months who are developmentally on track in health, learning and psychosocial well-being, both sexes (%)

There is no data for this indicator

4.2.2 - Adjusted net enrolment rate, one year before the official primary entry age, both sexes (%)

	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023			
One Year Before Than Official Primary Entry Age	89.8	93	87.8	87.9	86.3	86.5	83.9	85.9	44	49.3	-	to diff Ages with	(•

This indicator can be used to monitor the CARICOM regional framework:

— RACESS and PARTICIPATION - Courcome 1: Broadened and deepened access and participation in all HRD sectors - BASIC EDUCATION 1.1. Provide This indicator can be used to monitor the SICA regional framework:

— In the sical participation in all HRD sectors - BASIC EDUCATION 1.1. Provide universal access for enrolment and completion in BE - SO 2. Every child from the SICA member countries will complete a full cycle of free schooling of, at least, 9 mandatory years, with quality learning achievements, as a result of a continuous education process, and that all the non-schooled children and youth have access to a quality education, through different modalities. - Goal 2.1 By 2030, ensure that all the children have access to assistance and development services in early childhood and quality preschool education, with the purpose that they are ready for primary teaching

4.2.2 - Adjusted net attendance rate, one year before the official primary entry age, both sexes (%)

	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023		
One Year Before Than Official Primary Entry Age	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	***********	-

This indicator can be used to monitor the CARICOM regional framework:

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Target 4.3 - By 2030, ensure equal access for all women and men to affordable and quality technical, vocational and tertiary education, including university

4.3.1 - Participation rate of youth and adults in formal and non-formal education and training in the previous 12 months, both sexes (%)

	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	
Population ages 25-64	2.2	2	2.4	2.2	2.1	-	2.5	-	2.2	-	-	(2)

This indicator finds no correlation with CARICOM SICA regional framework.

Target 4.4 - By 2030, substantially increase the number of youth and adults who have relevant skills, including technical and vocational skills, for employment, decent jobs and entrepreneurship

4.4.1 Proportion of youth and adults with information and communications technology (ICT) skills, by type of skill

There is no data for this indicator

SDG

Target 4.5 - By 2030, eliminate gender disparities in education and ensure equal access to all levels of education and vocational training for the vulnerable, including persons with disabilities, indigenous peoples and children in vulnerable situations

4.5.1 - Upper Secondary Adjusted Gender Parity Index

There is no data for this indicator

Gender gap in upper secondary completion rate

	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023		
Upper Secondary Education	-	-	0.9	3.2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-

This indicator finds no correlation with CARICOM SICA regional framework.

SDG

Target 4.6 - By 2030, ensure that all youth and a substantial proportion of adults, both men and women, achieve literacy and numeracy

4.6.1 - Proportion of population achieving at least a fixed level of proficiency in functional literacy skills, both sexes (%)

There is no data for this indicator

4.6.1 - Proportion of population achieving at least a fixed level of proficiency in functional numeracy skills, both sexes (%)

There is no data for this indicator

SDG

Target 4.7 - By 2030, ensure that all learners acquire the knowledge and skills needed to promote sustainable development, including, among others, through education for sustainable development and sustainable lifestyles, human rights, gender equality, promotion of a culture of peace and nonviolence, global citizenship and appreciation of cultural diversity and of culture's contribution to sustainable development

4.7.1 - Extent to which (i) global citizenship education and (ii) education for sustainable development are mainstreamed in student assessment

There is no data for this indicator

4.7.1 - Extent to which (i) global citizenship education and (ii) education for sustainable development are mainstreamed in teacher education

There is no data for this indicator

4.7.1 - Extent to which (i) global citizenship education and (ii) education for sustainable development are mainstreamed in curricula

There is no data for this indicator

4.7.1 - Extent to which (i) global citizenship education and (ii) education for sustainable development are mainstreamed in national education policies

There is no data for this indicator

SDG

Target 4.a - Build and upgrade education facilities that are child, disability and gender sensitive and provide safe, non-violent, inclusive and effective learning environments for all

4.a.1 - Proportion of schools with access to basic services

	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023		
Electricity - Primary Education	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	*************	-
Electricity - Lower Secondary Education	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-
Electricity - Upper Secondary Education	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-

This indicator finds no correlation with CARICOM SICA regional framework.



Target 4.b - By 2020, substantially expand globally the number of scholarships available to developing countries, in particular least developed countries, small island developing States and African countries, for enrolment in higher education, including vocational training and information and communications technology, technical, engineering and scientific programmes, in developed countries and other developing countries

4.b.1 - Volume of official development assistance flows for scholarships by sector and type of study, constant US\$ (millions)

	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023		
Volume of official development assistance flows (millions USD)	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.1	0.5	0.5	0.4	0.2	0.2	0.3	-	*100 (gr 100)	•

This indicator finds no correlation with CARICOM SICA regional framework.



Target 4.c - By 2030, substantially increase the supply of qualified teachers, including through international cooperation for teacher training in developing countries, especially least developed countries and small island developing States

4.c.1 - Proportion of teachers with the minimum required qualifications, both sexes (%)

	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023		
Primary Education	48.8	60.7	67.5	72.8	75.0	79.2	82.3	86.1	87.0	88.1	-		(-)
Lower Secondary Education	38.1	-	49.9	58.0	-	62.4	66.1	70.3	71.0	71.4	-	**********	•
Upper Secondary Education	28.5	-	39.6	44.1	-	58.3	64.9	69.5	70.5	70.6	-		•
Secondary (ISCED 2 to 3)	35.4	-	47.2	54.1	-	61.3	65.8	70.1	70.9	71.2	-		•
Pre-primary	21.3	30.3	40.4	45.2	39.3	46.8	52.1	57.8	67.6	71.3	-	***************************************	•

This indicator can be used to monitor the CARICOM regional framework:

—QUALITY – Outcome 3: improved quality in delivery in all HRD sectors – BASIC EDUCATION 3.6. Continuously upgrade skills of in-service teachers – SO 5. This indicator can be used to monitor the SICA regional framework:

The governments of the member countries of the SICA will favor a significant improvement in the processes of recruitment, training, update and accreditation of educators, for all education levels. – Goal 5.1 By 2030, all the teachers of all the education levels of the system comply with the quality requirements regarding their training and continues update

National benchmarks for Belize

Indicator	Baseline	Value 2025	Value 2030	Progress relative to benchmark	Progress relative to historical trends
Target 4.1					
4.1.1 - Mathematics in Grades 2/3	-	64.6	75		
4.1.1 - Reading in Grades 2/3	-	67.4	75		
4.1.1 - Mathematics at the end of primary	-	45.0	75		
4.1.1 - Reading at the end of primary	-	55.0	75	111	
4.1.1 - Mathematics at the end of lower secondary	-	30.0	75		
4.1.1 - Reading at the end of lower secondary	-	65.0	75		
4.1.2 - Completion rate in primary	96.2	97.0	98		
4.1.2 - Completion rate in lower secondary	61.0	70.0	72		
4.1.2 - Completion rate in upper secondary	42.9	75.0	77		
4.1.4 - Out-of-school rate in primary	0.4	1.5	1		
4.1.4 - Out-of-school rate in lower secondary	10.6	-	-		
4.1.4 - Out-of-school rate in upper secondary	38.4	20.1	15		
Target 4.2					
4.2.2 - Participation rate one year before primary	87.8	85.0	95		
Target 4.a				_	_
4.a.1 - Schools with access to internet for pedagogical purposes - primary	_	_	_		
4.a.1 - Schools with access to internet for pedagogical purposes - lower secondary	_	_	_		
4.a.1 - Schools with access to internet for pedagogical purposes - lower secondary	_	_	_		
4.a.1 - Schools with access to internet for pedagogical purposes - secondary	_	-	_		
Target 4.c					
4.c.1 - Percentage of teachers with the minimum required qualifications - pre-primary	40.4	85.0	90	_	
4.c.1 - Percentage of teachers with the minimum required qualifications - prie-primary	67.5	98.0	99	_	
4.c.1 - Percentage of teachers with the minimum required qualifications - primary 4.c.1 - Percentage of teachers with the minimum required qualifications - lower secondary	67.5 49.9	80.0	99 85		
4.c.1 - Percentage of teachers with the minimum required qualifications - lower secondary	39.6	80.0	85		
	37.0	80.0	03		
Target on Finance ¹	04 (45.0	4.5	_	
1.a.2 Proportion of total government spending on essential services (education)	21.6	15.0	15		
FFA - Education expenditure as share of GDP	5.4	4.0	4		
Target on Equity				_	_
Gender gap in upper secondary completion rate	0.9	-	-		

¹ The Incheon Declaration and Framework for Action for the implementation of Sustainable Development Goal 4, paragraph 105, encourages countries to set nationally appropriate spending targets for education (i) allocating at least 4% to 6% of gross domestic product (GDP) to education; and/or (ii) allocating at least 15% to 20% of public expenditure to education.

Legend for benchmark trends:

Country classification of progress relative to national SDG 4 benchmarks

Category	Description
Fast progress	>75% probability that 2025 national benchmark will be achieved given the latest value (including countries which have already achieved the benchmark or are close to 100%)
Average progress	25-75% probability that 2025 national benchmark will be achieved given the latest value
Slow progress	<25% probability that 2025 national benchmarks will be achieved given the latest value
No progress	Negative progress
No benchmark	
No data for trend	
No data	

Country classification of progress relative to feasible benchmarks

Category	Description
Fast progress	>75% probability that 2025 feasible benchmark will be achieved given the latest value (including countries which have already achieved the benchmark or are close to 100%)
Average progress	25-75% probability that 2025 feasible benchmark will be achieved given the latest value
Slow progress	<25% probability that 2025 feasible benchmarks will be achieved given the latest value
No progress	Negative progress
No data for trend	
No data	

Source: UIS/TCG Data Resources. Click here for Metadata and Methodological Documents