UIS recent outputs from education surveys

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UIS outputs

UIS Publications
- Thematic reports
- Information notes
- Technical papers

Online database:
More than 1,000 types of raw data and indicators on education, literacy, educational attainment: for more than 200 countries

Other important international publications
Your data submitted to the UIS have been used in important international reports

- Gross enrolment ratio for tertiary education
- Gender parity index for tertiary education
- Mean years of schooling
- Expect years of schooling
- Gross graduation ratio from first degree programmes
- % of tertiary graduates from science and technology fields
- Tertiary-level inbound mobility rate
One of the most popular and unique data of the UIS

- *Internationally mobile students*
Definition

- **Internationally mobile students** are individuals who have physically crossed an international border between two countries with the objective to participate in educational activities in the country of destination, where the country of destination of a given student is different from their country of origin.
The definition of “country of origin”

The country of origin of a tertiary student is the country in which they gained their upper secondary qualifications.

Note: Where countries are unable to operationalise this definition, “country of usual or permanent residence”, “country of citizenship” may be used.
Exclusion from the UIS and UOE data collection

- Exchange students
- Students without physical movement across national borders
  - Distance learning programmes
  - International branch campus
Long-term trend in international student mobility

Figure 1. Number of global degree-seeking international students, 1980-2013

Year 1980: 1M
Year 1990: 1.3M
Year 2000: 2.0M
Year 2010: 3.7M
Year 2013: 4.1M

M = million
To what extent that students from different regions are internationally mobile?

Figure 2. Outbound mobility ratio by region, 2000 and 2013
Top 20 source countries of international students

Figure 3. Distribution of degree-seeking international students by country of origin, 2013

- China, 18% (Outbound mobility ratio 2.1)
- India, 4% (0.6)
- Germany, 3% (4.3)
- Rep. of Korea, 3% (3.5)
- France, 2% (3.6)
- Saudi Arabia, 2% (5.4)
- US, 1% (0.3)
- Malaysia, 1%
- Viet Nam, 1% (2.4)
- Nigeria, 1%
- Russia, 1% (0.7)
- Iran, 1% (1.1)
- Kazakhstan, 1% (6.3)
- Italy, 1%
- Canada, 1%
- Turkey, 1% (0.9)
- Ukraine, 1% (1.8)
- Indonesia, 1%
- Morocco, 1%
- Pakistan, 1% (2)
- Remaining countries, 52%
Main destinations of international students

Figure 4. Distribution of internationally mobile students by main destination countries, 2013

- US: 19%
- UK: 10%
- Australia: 6%
- France: 6%
- Germany: 5%
- Russia: 3%
- Japan: 3%
- Canada: 3%
- China: 2%
- Italy: 2%
- Austria: 2%
- Netherlands: 2%
- Saudi Arabia: 2%
- Korea, Rep.: 2%
- United Arab Emirates: 1%
- Spain: 1%
- Turkey: 1%
- Ukraine: 1%
- Singapore: 1%
- Belgium: 1%
- Switzerland: 1%
- Remaining: 23%